



Firmware Release Note

ZyWALL 2WE

Release 3.62(WJ.2)

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ZyXEL ZyWALL 2WE Standard Version Release 3.62(WJ.2) Release Note

Date: Oct 26, 2004

Supported Platforms:

ZyXEL ZyWALL 2WE

Versions:

ZyNOS Version: V3.62(WJ.2) | 10/26/2004

BootBase : V1.05 | 01/05/2004

Notes:

- 1. Restore to Factory Defaults Setting Requirement: No.**
2. When user upgrade firmware version to 3.62(WJ.0)b1. System may automatic change Bootbase version to 1.05. Please don't shut off the power when firmware upgrades proceeding.
3. The setting of ignore triangle route is on in default ROM FILE. Triangle route network topology has potential security crisis. If you are not clear about it, please refer to Appendix for the triangle route issue.
4. IKE process in phase 2 will check ID information between system and the peer. If you found that the IPSec connection is failed, please check your settings.
5. Using Web to configure VPN, the phase 1 algorithms have been fixed to DES + MD5. If other algorithms are preferred, please use ADVANCE page to configure them.
6. When firewall turns from "off" to "on", the firewall initialization procedure will disconnect all connections running through the ZyWALL.
7. SUA/NAT address loopback feature was enabled on ZyWALL by default; however, if users do not need it, a C/I command "ip nat loopback off" could turn it off.
8. In WLAN configuration, a switch for enable / disable WLAN is added. The default value is "disable" since WLAN without any security setting is vulnerable. Please configure MAC filter, WEP and 802.1X when you enable WLAN feature.
9. When UPnP is on, and then reboot the router, Windows XP will not detect UPnP and refresh "My Network Places→Local Network". Plug in network wire again can solve this problem.

Known Issues:

1. Dial-backup can't work correctly when using USB modem.
2. If user connects WAN port and LAN port to same switch HUB simultaneously, packet routing may abnormal on ZyWALL 2.
3. eWC→WAN IP has bugs when WAN→ISP is PPPoE or PPTP. Leaving some values in remote IP or remote masks for WAN→IP and then switch to dynamic IP, ZyWALL cannot dial anymore.
4. Sometimes on screen the "Local Area Connection" icon for UPnP disappears. The icon shows again when restarting PC.
5. When you use MSN messenger, sometimes you fail to open special applications, such as whiteboard, file transfer and video etc. You have to wait more than 3 minutes and retry these applications.
6. Symptom: When turning on to many web sites at same time, it may cause content filter fail.
Condition: When turning on browser to access a lot of websites (for example, 30 sites) at same time may cause content filter fail.
7. For ZyWALL 2/2WE, if you want to make two local stations can access the same remote private network, you can setup two IPSec rules for these two stations. But you should note that, these two IPSec rules must have the same security gateway, ID contents, IKE phase 1 parameters and Perfect Forward Secrecy.
8. H.323 may not work with following scenario:
PC1 ↔ ZyWALL ↔ internet ↔ ZyWALL ↔ PC2.
9. SIP may not correctly work with following scenario:
PC1 ↔ ZyWALL ↔ internet ↔ ZyWALL ↔ PC2.

Features:

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.2) | 10/26/2004

Modify for formal release.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.2)b1 | 10/05/2004

1. [ENHANCEMENT] Add Unified ALG for SIP and H.323.
2. [ENHANCEMENT] Each unified ALG can be enabled / disabled. Default is disabled.
 - 1). "ip alg display" to display the enable/disable information of each ALG.
 - 2). "ip alg enable <ALG_FTP | ALG_H323 | ALG_SIP >" to enable an ALG.
 - 3). "ip alg disable <ALG_FTP | ALG_H323 | ALG_SIP >" to disable an ALG.
3. [ENHANCEMENT] Firewall can bypass AX.25 (protocol #93) & IPv6 (protocol #41) protocols.
4. [ENHANCEMENT] Centralized log add
 - 1). Triangle route log switch.
 - 2). Broadcast/Multicast log switch.Note: Add CI commands:

- a. "sys logs switch".
 - b. "sys logs switch dispaly".
 - c. "sys logs switch bmlog <0:no|1:yes>".
 - d. "sys logs switch trilog <0:no|1:yes>".
5. [ENHANCEMENT] Enhance LOGS GUI.
 - 1). In LOGS > Log Settings page, add "Asymmetrical Routes", "Multicasts/Broadcasts" log setting items under Access Control.
 - 2) In LOGS > View Logs page, if users check any sub log under the Access Control, but doesn't check Access Control, the checked logs will not include in the Display List field.
6. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router block trusted web content.
Condition:
 - 1). In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->General", enable content filter.
 - 2). In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Customization", select check boxes of "Enable Web site customization" and "Disable all Web traffic except for trusted Web sites".
 - 3). In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Customization", set "www.hellowork.go.jp" as trusted web site.
 - 4). Open browser and access
<http://www.hellowork.go.jp/kensaku/servlet/kensaku?pageid=001>
 - 5). In the new page, select third and fourth radio bottom and click "search" bottom.
 - 6). In the new page, click "next page" bottom.
 - 7). The new page will be blocked.
7. [BUG FIX] Symptom: External Content Filtering cannot block the URL belonging to restricted category.
Condition:
 - 1). In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Customization", unselect "Enable Web site customization".
 - 2). Add a URL to "trusted web sites".
 - 3). In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER-Customization>", select "Block Web sites which contain these keywords".
 - 4). In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Categories", select the category which the URL belongs to.
 - 5). Access the trusted URL.
 - 6). The URL will not be blocked.
8. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will crash.
Condition:
 - 1). Force router to execute many DNS queries.
 - 2). Router sometimes will crash.
9. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System crashes.
Condition: Configure device by eWC sometimes cause crash.
10. [BUG FIX] Symptom: MSN Messenger's "Ask for Remote Assistance" function causes system crash.
Condition:
 - 1). Enable UPnP.
 - 2). Set PC(A) and router(B) in intranet and PC(C) connects to LAN port of router(B).
 - 3). Test MSN Messenger's "Ask for Remote Assistance" function from PC(A) to

- PC(C).
- 4). After PC(C) accepts the PC(A) request by "Ask for Remote Assistance" then the device will crash.
11. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System out of memory.
Condition:
1). Let the ZyWALL be a DNS proxy for LAN hosts.
2). Do a lot of DNS inverse queries by running IPScan tool continuously from LAN host.
3). After a long time, the ZyWALL will out of memory.
12. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Packets cannot pass through NAT router to LAN hosts.
Condition:
1). NAT default server is on
2). Protocol of the packet is not TCP, UDP, ICMP, ESP, GRE.
3). Packets from WAN to router.
4). Packets cannot pass through NAT router to LAN hosts (NAT default server)
13. [BUG FIX] Symptom: External content filtering cannot register.
Condition:
1). In "eWC->content filter->categories", click "register" to connect to ZSSW.
2). Do the registration on ZSSW.
3). The registration will fail in the final step.
14. [ENHANCEMENT] External content filtering support full URL checking.
Was: External content filtering only take domain name or IP address of URL into category checking.
Is: External content filtering put entire URL into category checking.
15. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will crash.
Condition:
1). A host connects to router.
2). User accesses website then disconnect.
3). After 2 hours, user accesses website again.
16. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System out of memory and reboot when firewall enable.
Condition:
1). Enable firewall, then generate traffic.
2). The memory will slowly leak until it uses up all the memory, then reboot.
17. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: System time problem.
Condition:
1). Enter SMT24.10, configure time server.
2). Open daylight saving, configure the start time and end time so that current time is within the daylight saving time.
3). After writing to rom file, router ask you to calibrate the system clock, answer yes.
4). If system failed to connect time server, system time will add one hour, every time you enter smt 24.1, system time add 1 hour automatically.
18. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Generate a lot of TCP port 80 sessions to ZyWALL will cause device to hang and reboot by hardware watchdog.
Condition:
1). Use session.exe to generate a lot of TCP port 80 sessions to ZyWALL's LAN

- interface.
- 2). After several sessions are established, the ZyWALL will reboot.
19. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Sometimes the ZyWALL reboots by software watchdog.
Condition:
- 1). Put the ZyWALL on the network for a long time.
 - 2). Sometimes the ZyWALL will reboot by software watchdog.
20. [ENHANCEMENT]
- 1). Support user config for SIP session timeout value.
 - 2). Support SIP SDP multiple RTP port.
 - 3). Delete unused ALG type.
 - 4). Command for ALG enable/disable and sip timeout.
21. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: Content filter timeout problem.
Condition:
- 1). A router registers the content filter (CF) server.
 - 2). Enable the CF feature.
 - 3). Enable the external database content filtering.
 - 4). The router log often record "Waiting content filter server (server name) timeout!"
 - 5). A PC in lan fetch web from internet often hang for a while.
22. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: SIP ALG does not support ZYXEL P2002 device.
Condition:
- 1). Network Topology: SIP_UAC1 <-> ZyWALL <-> WAN <-> ZyWWALL <-> P2002 <-> Phone
 - 2). SIP phone 1 & SIP phone 2 register to a SIP proxy server.
 - 3). SIP_UAC1 calls P2002 phone.
 - 4). P2002 phone does not ring.
23. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: SIP ALG does not support Peer to Peer Call.
Condition:
- 1). Network Topology: SIP phone 1 <-> ZyWALL <-> WAN <-> ZyWWALL<-> SIP Phone 2
 - 2). Make a Peer to Peer call from SIP phone 1 to SIP phone 2.
 - 3). After SIP phone 2 pick up the phone, no voice connection established.
24. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: Firewall sends TCP RST after it blocks traffic period of time.
Condition:
- 1). Configure Firewall LAN to WAN blocked and enable log
 - 2). Generate one TCP SYN packet from LAN to WAN
 - 3). Firewall will block this packet and generate block log
 - 4). After period of time (30 seconds), Firewall log shows it sent TCP RST to both client and server side
25. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: System has a lot of long timeout UDP sessions.
Condition:
- 1). Enable firewall.

- 2). Display TOS sessions.
 - 3). A lot of long timeout UDP sessions.
26. [BUG FIX]
Symptom: In GUI->AUTH SERVER->Local User Database, it cannot check the duplicate name.
Condition:
1). In eWC->AUTH SERVER->Local User Database.
2). If two rows of data have the same username, the status bar does not show the warning message.
27. [BUG FIX] Symptom: User modify any field in GUI: LAN > IP Alias page. Will cause the "Incoming protocol filters" and "Outgoing protocol filters" empty on SMT 3.2.1 .
Condition:
1). Edit "Incoming protocol filters" and "Outgoing protocol filters" field on SMT 3.2.1
2). Modify any field in GUI: LAN > IP Alias and apply.
3). Then "Incoming protocol filters" and "Outgoing protocol filters" field on SMT 3.2.1 become empty.
28. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Add Static route rule on WAN interface, after reboot system, the routing table not exist this rule.
Condition:
1). WAN1 (or WAN2) uses ethernet dynamic IP.
2). Add a static route rule on WAN1 (or WAN2) interface and check this rule exist on routing table.
3). Reboot system, this rule not exist on routing table.
29. [BUG FIX] Symptom: eWC-->LAN-->IP Alias has no conflict check
Condition: In eWC-->LAN-->IP Alias, Alias 1 and Alias 2 should be in different subnet, but our system doesn't do such check.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.1) | 05/27/2004

Modify for formal release.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.1)b1 | 05/18/2004

1. [ENHANCEMENT] Add a new CI command "ip arp force <on|off>". When the user uses "ip arp force on", the age function of APR function will be disabled. That means even the ARP entry has been refered, the timer of it will not reset to 300 seconds, it will be still time out.
2. [BUG FIX] Symptom: When setting my IP address in IKE as the global IP address in the address mapping rules (SMT 15.1) and setting the NAT as full feature, IKE will fail.
Condition:
(1) Set the NAT as full feature (SMT 4).
(2) Set one rule in the address mapping rules in NAT setting (SMT 15.1).
(3) Set IKE responder's my IP address as the global IP address in the address mapping

- rules.
- (4) When the responder receives the IKE packet, it will reply the IKE payload with WAN IP address, instead of my IP address, thus the IKE will fail.
 3. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System memory leak and eventually causing the reboot.
Condition:
 - (1) Establish a IPSec IKE tunnel, and the tunnel's key life time is short.
 - (2) Continue transmitting heavy traffic through this tunnel.
 - (3) Rekey many times.
 - (4) System will run out of memory and become very unstable.
 4. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will crash.
Condition: Use CI command "ip urlfilter webControl cache timeout"
 5. [ENHANCEMENT] Put Cerberian company's logo on External Content Filtering blocked page.
 6. [ENHANCEMENT] Implement the timeout mechanism on content filter's local cache. Once the cache entry is timeout, it will be delete.
 7. [BUG FIX] Symptom: PPPoE connection sometimes fails in France.
Condition: Since France Telcom changes their core network setup to BRAS, ZyWALL PPPoE connection on authentication phase most of the time fails.
 8. [BUG FIX] Symptom: NAT loopback fail.
Condition:
 - (1) Host A runs FTP server in ZyWALL's LAN side.
 - (2) Turn on SUA and NAT loopback on ZyWALL.
 - (3) Configure default server to host A.
 - (4) Turn on Firewall.
 - (5) Host A runs FTP client and connect to ZyWALL's WAN IP.
 - (6) Connection fails.
 9. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will crash.
Condition: When user continuously accesses eWC and press "Apply" button, sometimes router will crash.
 10. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will crash when entering SMT menu 3.5
Condition:
 - (1) Insert WLAN card.
 - (2) In CI command, enter "wlan active 11" instead of "wlan active 1" to activate WLAN on router.
 - (3) Enter SMT 3.5, router will crash.
 11. [BUG FIX] Symptom: In VPN negotiation, if responder jumps to a new rule which has empty phase 1 peer ID content , tunnel will not be up.
Condition: There are two rules in responder and one rule in initiator. All rules in initiator and responder are in aggressive mode.
Responder:
 - Rule 1: dynamic rule (Secure gateway IP is 0.0.0.0).
 - Rule 2: Correct static rule.
 Both rule 1 and rule 2 has empty phase 1 peer ID (i.e., in SMT menu 27.1.1, "Peer ID Content" is empty).
When trigger tunnel from initiator, negotiation will fail.
 12. [BUG FIX] Symptom: IPSec rule swap will be failed with X-Auth.

Condition: There is one VPN rule in initiator and two rules in responder.

Initiator: X-AUTH is off.

Responder: Rule 1 ==>phase 2 peer ID is wrong. X-AUTH is on.

Rule 2 ==>dynamic rule. X-AUTH is off and all other parameters are correct.

Responder will use rule 1 to start negotiate, and then since rule 1's phase 2 peer ID is wrong, responder will jump to rule 2. During the rule swap, system will compare rule 1's parameter with rule 2's. Since rule 2 is X-AUTH on and rule 1 is X-AUTH off, their authentication method flags are different. So system will skip rule 2 and got no rule to keep negotiate.

13. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Responder will jump to wrong VPN rule when current rule's phase 2 parameter is wrong.

Condition: Initiator -----NAT router ----- Responder

(1) Initiator has one VPN rule in which NAT traversal is on.

(2) In responder, there are two VPN rules.

- Rule 1: NAT traversal is on, and phase 2 parameters are wrong.

- Rule 2: NAT traversal is off, and all other parameters are correct.

(3) Trigger tunnel from initiator, and responder will use rule 1 to negotiate.

(4) When phase 2 negotiation starts, responder found rule 1's parameters are wrong, and will jump to rule 2.

(5) Negotiation will keep going and tunnel will be up.

14. [BUG FIX] Symptom: When initiator receives wrong phase 1 ID from responder, it will jump to another rule.

Condition: During IKE negotiation in Main mode, if responder's "Local ID Content" mismatches initiator's "Peer ID Content", initiator will do rule swap and choose another rule to negotiate.

15. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Sometimes when connect to router by TCP, FTP or HTTP will fail.

Condition:

(1) One user connects to router by FTP, TELNET or HTTP.

(2) In TCP handshake, client doesn't receive SYN ACK. i.e., router is in SYN RECEIVE state.

(3) Client timeout and send RESET to router.

(4) Related socket in router is still alive and other users can't login router until this socket timeout.

16. [ENHANCEMENT] The ZyWALL now also records the time server address (domain name or IP address) in the time synchronization result (successful or failed) logs.

17. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System out of memory and reboot when firewall enable.

Condition:

(1) Enable firewall, then generate traffic.

(2) The memory will slowly leak until it uses up all the memory, then reboot.

18. [FEATURE CHANGE] Add more information about content filter's error events in centralized log and block message. When the packet was blocked because of error happens.

For centralized log:

Was: The blocked log displays "domain" in the message filed.

Is: The blocked log display <domain>: <reason> in the message files.

The wording of reasons contains:

1. "Waiting content filter server timeout"
2. "DNS resolving failed"
3. "Creating socket failed"
4. "Connecting to content filter server fail",
5. "License key is invalid"

For block message:

Was: The blocked page only shows a deny message if the license key of external content filter is invalid.

Is: The blocked page will show <Deny message> : "License key is invalid" in this case.

19. [FEATURE CHANGE] Give different returned error message between timeout and invalid license in "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Categories->"Test Again Internet Server"

Was: It returns "Request error" if the license key of external content filtering is invalid or the request is timeout.

Is: 1. It returns "Request timeout" if the request is timeout

2. It returns "License key is invalid" if the license key is invalid.

20. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will crash.

Condition:

- (1) In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->General", select "Enable Content Filter" and click "Apply"
- (2) In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Categories", select "Enable External Database Content Filtering" and at least one category in "Select Categories". Click "Apply" after selection.
- (3) Open web browser and access a web site which belongs the category you select in step 2.
- (4) In "eWC->CONTENT FILTER->Categories", un-select the category selected in step 2 and keep at least one category is selected. Click "Apply" after selection.
- (5) Repeat step 3 immediately after step 4.
- (6) Router will crash or hang.

21. [FEATURE CHANGE] Change external content filtering message on centralized log and blocked page for some error events.

When router cannot send request to external content filter server due to some unexpected internal errors.

Was:

log: Connecting to content filter server (server IP) fail.

blocked message: Connecting to content filter server fail.

Is:

log: Cannot issue a query because TCP/IP connection could not be established.

blocked message: TCP/IP connection not established.

When router cannot filter web content due to content filter service is busy.

Was:

log: Content filter's queue is full.

blocked message: N/A

Is:

log: Content filter overloaded.

blocked message:Content filter overloaded.

When content filter server cannot sent request to external content filter server due to too many current lookups are executing.

Was:

log: No available slot to send request to content filter server.

blocked message: No available query slots.

Is:

log: Max allowed simultaneous content filtering lookups (max lookups num) exceeded.

blocked message:Too many simultaneous content filtering lookups.

22. [ENHANCEMENT] Auto configure MSS size according to MTU size. If users set the MSS value to 0, system would auto configure the MSS size according MTU size. Otherwise, the mss vaule would be the user specified value. The default MSS size is 0.
23. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router will not enter "Debug Mode".
Condition:
 - (1) Go to SMT 24.7.1
 - (2) Select "Y" for "upload system firmware".
 - (3) After rebooting, it will not enter "Debug Mode".
24. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Packets cannot pass through NAT router to LAN hosts.
Condition:
 - (1) NAT default server is on
 - (2) Procotol of the packet is not TCP, UDP, ICMP, ESP, GRE.
 - (3) Packets from WAN to router.
 - (4) Packets cannot pass through NAT router to LAN hosts (NAT default server)
25. [BUG FIX] Symptom: On eWC->WAN->WAN IP page, gateway address may save with the IP address that not in WAN subnet.
Condition:
 - (1) To eWC->WAN->WAN IP page.
 - (2) Click "Use fixed IP address" radio button.
 - (3) Fill the field "My WAN IP Address" with "172.21.1.1".
 - (4) Fill the field "My WAN IP Subnet Mask" with "255.255.0.0"
 - (5) Fill the field "Gateway IP Address" with "192.168.1.1".
 - (6) Click apply to save.
 - (7) Status shows "Configuration updated successfully".
26. [BUG FIX] Symptom: In SMT 1, change DNS server with User-Defined IP address, it does not save to ROM.
Condition:
 - (1) In SMT 1, change DNS server with User-Defined.
 - (2) Set a User-defined IP address.
 - (3) Save it to ROM file.

- (4) Change User-defined IP Address with new one.
- (5) New DNS IP address do not change after rebooting the system.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.0) | 02/24/2003

Modify for formal release.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.0)b4 | 02/17/2004

1. [ENHANCEMENT] Add a new CI command "ip arp period" to change the ARP lifetime interval. The default ARP lifetime is 300 seconds, the user can use this CI to change ARP lifetime. Please note that this CI command will not change the lifetime of an existing ARP entry, but only for the newly created ARP entry. Please note also that it will not store the new ARP lifetime configuration into romfile.
2. [ENHANCEMENT] Add a CI command to switch the ARP attack:
ip arp attpret <on|off>
The default is "on" that means the router will avoid IP spoofing ARP attack by default. Users can use "ip arp attpret off" to make the router accept the different network ARP. To allow the DHCP client get the WAN IP address and gateway IP address which are in different networks, the router needs to accept the ARP from different networks.
3. [ENHANCEMENT] Add speed configuration CI commands to set WAN speed:
ether edit speed <auto|10/half|10/full|100/half|100/full>
Note: Need to reset chip, so the connection will be broken.
4. [ENHANCEMENT] Add product name in eWC page title.
5. [FEATURE CHANGE] Modify wireless channel ID mapping with country code. Spain and France now used channel 1 to 13.
6. [ENHANCEMENT] Update eWC help pages on wireless and VPN.
7. [BUG FIX] Symptom: IPSec XAUTH cannot work with SoftRemote version 8.0.0
Condition:
 - 1). Configure corresponding IPSec rule with XAUTH on SoftRemote and ZyWALL.
 - 2). Trigger SoftRemote IPSec rule.
 - 3). SoftRemote log shows "no proposal chosen" and connection fails.
8. [BUG FIX] Symptom: ZyWALL cannot establish IPSec connection to SSH Sentinel.
Condition: When ZyWALL and Sentinel both enable XAUTH, the IKE negotiation will fail.
9. [BUG FIX] Symptom: IPsec NAT-Traversal can not work.
Condition:
 - 1). Setup NAT-Traversal rule at Initiator and Responder, both sides are Tunnel encapsulation mode.
 - 2). Connect from Initiator side.
 - 3). Tunnel can not be established.
10. [BUG FIX] Symptom: IPSec rule swap is fail with NAT traversal.

Condition:

Initiator -----NAT Router -----Responder

1. Initiator has one rule with NAT Traversal on.
 2. Responder has two rules:
 - Rule 1: NAT Traversal is on, and phase 2 ID is wrong.
 - Rule 2: NAT Traversal is off, and phase 2 ID is correct.
 - All other parameters in rule 1 and rule 2 are correct.
 3. Dial tunnel from initiator. Responder will use rule 1 to start negotiate.
 4. In phase 2, since phase 2 ID is wrong, responder will swap to rule 2 and eventually tunnel will be up because system won't check NAT Traversal flag when swapping the rule.
11. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Rule swap failed when NAT-Traversal is on.
Condition:
- 1). Initiator setup one NAT-Traversal rule and transport encapsulation mode.
 - 2). Responder setup two NAT-Traversal rules, the first is tunnel mode, the second is transport mode.
 - 3). Initiator start to establish connection for the transport mode rule.
 - 4). IKE negotiation will fail.
12. [BUG FIX] Symptom: ICMP packet of NAT loopback will be blocked by Firewall.
Condition:
- 1). Enable Firewall.
 - 2). NAT default server is set to host A.
 - 3). Turn on NAT loopback.
 - 4). Host A pings router's WAN IP address.
 - 5). Host A does not receive echo reply packet and Firewall log shows "Land Attack".

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.0)b3 | 02/09/2004

13. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Traceroute or PingPlotter are not able to discover ZyWALL's LAN interface.
Condition:
- 1). Running Traceroute or PingPlotter on desktop.
 - 2). Both applications can not discover ZyWALL's LAN interface.
 - 3). Firewall log shows "Unsupported/out-of-order ICMP: ICMP(type:11, code:0)".
14. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Wireless can't work when user upgrade firmware from 3.60 to 3.62.
Condition:
- 1). Upgrade firmware to 3.62(WJ.0)b2.
 - 2). After system reboot, PC using wireless can't get DHCP.
 - 3). Client PC can't access internet through wireless via ZyWALL2WE.
15. [BUG FIX] Symptom: X-Auth behavior in VPN rule setting page isn't correct.
Condition:
- 1). eWC-->VPN-->Extended Authentication: Do not select "Enable Extended Authentication" (X-Auth is disabled).
 - 2). Select "Client mode" and keep "User name" and "Password" empty.

- 3). VPN rule can't be saved and message "Both User Name and Password are required" shows on "Status".
16. [BUG FIX] Symptom: LAN host cannot access Internet.
Condition: When one host continuously tries to setup a new connection, sometimes it fails and the host never can access Internet.
17. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System memory leak and eventually causing the reboot.
Condition:
 - 1). Start collecting data in eWC->LOGS->Reports or using CI command "ip rpt start".
 - 2). Run for a very long time.
 - 3). System will run out of memory and become very unstable.
18. [ENHANCEMENT] Pause console display when the NAT session information fills a console screen.
19. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Bootbase auto convert failed with bootbase version 1.3
Condition:
 - 1). Upgrade firmware on ZW2WE with bootbase version 1.3
 - 2). Bootbase convert will not be preformed.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.0)b2 | 01/29/2004

1. [BUG FIX]Symptom: When WAN encapsulation is PPPoE or PPTP, the DNS query initiated by router itself will fail to send.
Condition:
 - 1). Set WAN encapsulation with PPPoE or PPTP.
 - 2). Connect to a time server using domain name.
 - 3). Time synchronization would fail as a result of domain name resolve failure.
2. [BUG FIX]Symptom: PC can't setup TCP connections via ZyWall to the internet when ZyWALL's WAN encapsulation is PPTP.
Condition:
 - 1). Set WAN encapsulation with PPTP.
 - 2). Setup a TCP connection to the internet.
For example: Use browser to create an HTTP connection.
 - 3). Browser won't retrieve any information because ZyWALL always resets TCP connections.

Modifications in V 3.62(WJ.0)b1 | 01/15/2004

3. [ENHANCEMENT] Add new feature: X-Auth as the authentication method in VPN IKE phase.
4. [ENHANCEMENT] Add new feature: Support new encryption algorithm AES in IPSec.
5. [ENHANCEMENT] Add new feature: Dial backup supported.
6. [ENHANCEMENT] Add new feature: Support Cerberian content filter.
7. [ENHANCEMENT] Add two new categories "TCP Reset", "Packet Filter" ,

“ICMP”, “Remote Management”, “CDR”, “PPP” , “802.1X”, ”Wireless” in Centralized Log.

8. [ENHANCEMENT] Separate DNS servers into system DNS servers & DNS servers assigned to LAN hosts. The system DNS servers are used by router and the DNS servers assigned to LAN hosts are for LAN hosts. There will be no embedded default DNS server for this design.
9. [ENHANCEMENT] Add UPnP "Ports" page to show the UPnP NAT ports.
10. [ENHANCEMENT] Add session manager to limit session number per host. Default setting is 256, user can modify this value with C/I command - “sys tos sessPerHost”.
11. [ENHANCEMENT] Add NAT session limitation per host. Default setting is 256, user can modify this value with C/I command – “ip nat session”.
12. [ENHANCHMENT] Add new eWC firewall rules storage space utilization status bar in summary page.
Previous: We used firewall rule numbers to count the usage space, but the rule size is depended on content (like IP pairs and total service numbers). The rule size is different from rule to rule.
Now: We ignored the counter of firewall rules and just care of the remained size we can use.
13. [ENHANCHMENT] Modify and enhance firewall ACL schedule by rule.
Before: Firewall ACL rule will active all day if we enable this rule.
Now: We can assign which day(day of week) and time(time of day) that firewall ACL rule will active.
14. [ENHANCHMENT] On Maintenance page of DHCP Table, add "Reserve" checkbox to support static DHCP.
15. [ENHANCEMENT] Add system & LAN relative DNS CI commands.
16. [ENHANCEMENT] The GUIs of UPnP and HTTP are enhanced to inform users the relation between UPnP and HTTP.
17. [ENHANCEMENT] Add CI command "sys upnp reserve [0|1]"(default value is 0) to reserve UPnP NAT rules in flash after system boot up.
18. [ENHANCEMENT] In the past, when My IP Address is configured as 0.0.0.0 in IPSec rule, system will use the WAN's IP address as my IP address during IKE. Now it will use the IP of dial backup as my IP address when the WAN is disconnected. In the case of traffic redirect, it will use LAN IP as my IP address.
19. [ENHANCEMENT] Add more information in CI command "ipsec disp #rule". If the secure gateway of an IPSec rule is configured as domain name, this command will show both domain and actual IP resolved by system.
20. [FEATURE CHANGE] We change maximum Firewall custom port number from 10 to 30.
21. [BUG FIX] Symptom: ZyWALL detects normal DNS answers of as UDP port scan attacks.
Condition: When router enables syslog service, the DNS reply packets to syslog server are sometimes detected as UDP port scan.
22. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Web connection through traffic redirect is blocked by Firewall.
Condition: When traffic redirect deploy on LAN IP alias and Firewall bypass triangle route, the TCP connection through traffic redirect is blocked and generate a

log "Peer TCP state out of order, sent TCP RST". If user disables "Bypass Triangle Route", the symptom disappears.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.3) | 10/03/2003

Modify for formal release.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.3)b2 | 09/24/2003

1. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Run ping plotter and it will show lots of packet lost errors.
Condition: User Ping Plotter in local PC, and connect router to Internet. Ping Plotter will show packet lost error during running the program.
2. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Router sends DNS query even mail server or sys log server is empty.
Condition: When sys log server or mail server is not given, system should not send DNS query but it did.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.3)b1 | 08/22/2003

1. [FEATURE CHANGE] Do not check protocol and port information during IKE phase 1 negotiation.
2. [FEATURE CHANGE] In previous design in traffic redirect, system checks traffic in all ways periodically. Now router checks backup route only when WAN is disconnected.
3. [FEATURE CHANGE] In previous design in IKE, responder sends initial contact only when it receives initial contact notify from initiator. Now the responder sends initial contact notify to initiator when first contact with peer.
4. [FEATURE CHANGE] In the past, after phase 2 rekey, responder still use old phase 2 SA to transmit packets for a certain period and then started use the new phase 2 SA. Now responder will use new phase 2 SA after rekey immediately.
5. [FEATURE CHANGE] [FEATURE CHANGE] eWC→Firewall→Attack Alert: Change max incomplete TCP number from 10 to 30.
6. [BUG FIX] Symptom: IPSec packets will use ZyWALL's LAN IP as source IP.
Condition:
 - (1) There is a full feature NAT rule to transferred WAN IP to a LAN IP.
 - (2) ZyWALL plays as RESPONDER.
 - (3) IPSec tunnel can be established successfully, however the source IP IPSec packet will become the LAN IP set in full feature NAT rule. As a result, the traffic cannot be transmitted.
7. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Netmeeting causes system crashes.
8. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Sometimes system may crash when the client on LAN tries to send PPTP packets.
Condition: PC(PPTP dial) -> ZyWALL -> ISP(PPTP Server)

ZyWALL will do the PPTP pass through, but sometimes system may crash.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.2)b1 | 05/23/2003

1. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: A special IPSec policy rule will make the ZyWALL can not establish the IPSec tunnel.
Condition: (1) The security gateway is 0.0.0.0
(2) The peer IP type is IP and the peer ID content is empty or "0.0.0.0";
(3) The ZyWALL can't establish the IPSec tunnel when the peer site dial in.
2. [BUG FIXED] Under heavy traffic, sometime, ZyWALL's firewall will make system crash.
3. [BUG FIXED] Symptom & Condition: Sometimes Enable/Disable traffic redirect when WAN encapsulation is PPPoE, system may crash.
4. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: After phase 2 rekey, dynamic rule cannot pass traffic anymore.
Condition: (1) Set secure gateway of a rule to 0.0.0.0, it becomes a dynamic rule and only can be responder. Trigger the tunnel by inbound request from the peer.
(2) After the phase 2 rekey, traffic cannot pass this tunnel anymore.
5. [BUG FIXED] Symptom & Condition: WAN connection will drop in case of using PPTP for ADSL modem (Alcatel ANT1000, Alcatel SpeedTouch Home and Thomson SpeedTouch 510), especially if there is "high speed" on ADSL (512/256).
CI command: "pptp enqueue <size>" to manually configure the maximum en-queue number. The default is 10.
6. [ENHANCEMENT] Enhance the WAN port configuration function so that user can configure the WAN port speed as Auto/10/100 Mbps and transmit mode as full or half duplex mode.
CI Command: "ether edit load 2"
"ether edit speed [auto|100/full|100/half|10/full|10/half]"
"ether edit save"
7. [BUG FIXED] Symptom & Condition: The CNM feature doesn't work, when we turn on the CNM encryption/decryption.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.1)b4 | 04/09/2003

8. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: WAN MAC address spoof has problem.

Condition: When the user give ZW's WAN a new MAC address and this address is also belong to a LAN station. This station can't access the Internet any more, through the ZW device.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.1)b3 | 03/31/2003

9. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: Sometimes, IPSec re-key procedure failed.
Condition: Under the heavy traffic situation, sometimes IPSec re-key failed.
10. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: Even though the IPSec policy is correct, the IKE phase 1 negotiation may failed.
Condition 1: There are two IPSec polices with the same security gateway. ZyWALL sometimes can't create the second IPSec tunnel .
Condition 2: If ZyWALL didn't send the DEL packet to info the security gateway to delete the IPSec tunnel(for example power off the device, or PPPoE drops...etc.), ZyWALL can't re-create the tunnel.
11. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: It's a compatibility problem with SonicWall.
Condition 1: Can't create the IPSec tunnel with a SonicWall security gateway, if the type of ID Content is FQDN.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.1)b2 | 03/21/2003

12. [BUG FIXED] Can't save the IPSec Pre-Shared Key with the length over 16 octets, if we use the hex-decimal format.
13. [ENHANCEMENT] Some fields checking and error messages for SMT and Web Telia Login setup.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.1)b1 | 03/12/2003

1. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: A special case will make the ZyWALL device to reboot.
Condition:
 - (2) Configure an IPSec Rule.
 - (3) On the Logs Settings page, configure "Mail Server", "Mail Subject" and the mail address logs mails send to.
 - (4) Still on the Logs Settings page, select IPSec and IKE alert.
 - (5) Enter the CI command mode, and issue the CI command "ipsec dial #" to create the VPN tunnel.
 - (6) After seeing the message "Press any key to return...", press the Enter key.
 - (7) The ZyWALL crashes.
2. [BUG FIXED] Symptom & Condition: On Fireall --- Rule Config, can't setup to log firewall logs.
3. [BUG FIXED] The general user(not ZyWALL administrator), can directly retrieve ZyWALL rom file by using the rom-0 as the URL file, without password checking.

4. [ENHANCEMENT] Supports the hexadecimal format of IPSec Pre-Shared Key.
5. [ENHANCEMENT] Supports Telia login WAN access.
6. [ENHANCEMENT] Added a new CI commands to configure UDP port NAT timeout
CI command: "ip nat timeout udp [port] <seconds>". For more details, please refer to CI command lists

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b9 | 2/21/2003

1. [BUG FIXED] Symptom & Condition: It's failed to restore default romfile by pressing reset button.
2. [BUG FIXED]Symptom: VPN setting causes system reboot.
Condition: Step1. Build one VPN tunnel and set the secure gateway address by using IP address and establish the tunnel. Keep on pinging the client continuously
Step2. Change the secure gateway address setting from IP to DNS and apply.
3. [BUG FIXED] Symptom:eWC, TimeZone page displays ERROR message.
Condition: When we change System/Time Zone to none, an internally ERROR 1 will be displayed in the Status-Line.
4. [BUG FIXED] Symptom & Condition: In web, the page does not refresh when we change the time zone and apply.
5. [BUG FIX] Symptom & Condition: It's failed to restore default romfile by pressing reset button.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b8

1. [BUG FIXED] Symptom: On eWC, the VPN host page appears again.
Condition: This condition only occurs when the user enable the WLAN's IEEE 802.1X feature.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b7

2. [BUG FIXED] One special notebook PC(Dell Inspiron 8000) connect to ZyWALL's console port and none of terminal program open the console port. In this situation, the ZyWALL device boots failed.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b6

3. [ENHANCEMENT] Add NAT traversal feature. This feature is supported only ESP tunnel and ESP transport when key management is IKE.
4. [ENHANCEMENT] Add the Full Feature NAT.
5. [FEATURE CHANGE] DHCP relay is not supported anymore.
6. [FEATURE CHANGE] The color of centralize Log GUI is defined. Black color is

for normal log messages and red for alert log messages.

7. [FEATURE CHANGE] Remove VPN port restriction. Now LAN is a 4-port switch and all LAN's hosts and WLAN can use VPN.
8. [FEATURE CHANGE] The number of VPN rules is changed to 2.
9. [FEATURE CHANGE] When phase 1 ID type is IP and content is blank or 0.0.0.0, ZyWALL will use WAN IP or Secure gateway address as content. In the previous design, only blank content will do.
10. [BUG FIX] Symptom & Condition: While NAT is enabled, remote device can not access router's LAN IP through IPSec tunnel. In other words, remote management to the LAN IP over IPSec tunnel failed.
11. [BUG FIX] Symptom & Condition: When Traffic Redirect is active and change the WAN encapsulation to PPPoE or PPTP, and if idle time out the routing table will disorder.
12. [BUG FIX] Symptom & Condition: Removed wrong "DMZ" selection form all Remote Management pages.
13. [BUG FIX] Symptom & Condition: If the user didn't load IPSec rule first before executing IPSec configuration CI command, "ipsec config netbios active <yes|no>" or "ipsec config netbios group <...>", ZyWALL will crash.
14. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Can not change WAN MAC by web immediately:
Condition: While we change WAN MAC by web, the MAC ca not change immediately till device reboot. But it is OK while we change by SMT menu.
15. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Receiving hotmail mail will cause system crash.
Condition: 1. Enable Block Cookies. 2. Receiving mail form hotmail causes system crash.
16. [BUG FIX] Symptom: System crashes when setting DHCP :
Condition: If we disable DHCP server and set a static DHCP entry, the ZyWALL crashes.
17. [BUG FIX] Symptom: The value for sys stdio can not be saved. :
Condition: Under CI command, we enter "sys stdio 0". The value becomes the default value after we relogin SMT.
18. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Traffic redirect check path is not up :
Condition: While WAN link is fine and the traffic redirect check point is failed, it spends long time to activate traffic redirect. Under the situation, the metric of the route for traffic redirect sometimes changes frequently.
19. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Traffic Redirect can't work on PPPoE connection.
Condition: If the WAN side has a successful PPPoE connection, and the ZyWALL device would not check the checked site and update to correct the routing table.
20. [BUG FIX] Symptom: LAN LED light on, when setup the WAN.
Condition: Using the eWC to setup WAN or using SMT 2 to setup the WAN's MAC address. All Ethernet LEDs will light on.
21. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Add, delete or refresh static route rule on SMT menu12 sometimes cause ZyWALL crash.
Condition: Sometimes our action on menu12 with static route rule setup will cause ZyWALL crash.
22. [BUG FIX] Symptom: When "ipsec switch" is off, "ipsec dial" still works.
Condition: If user uses command "ipsec switch off" to turn off IPSec, "dial" still

works.

23. [BUG FIX] Symptom: When phase 1 ID type is IP, tunnel cannot be built.
Condition:
1. Set MyIP 0.0.0.0
 2. Set My ID Type as IP
 3. Leave My ID content blank
 4. During IKE, ZyWALL will use 0.0.0.0 as ID content. However it should be WAN IP.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b5 | 12/11/2002

1. [BUG FIXED] The system crashes, if the user changes the console's baud rate and presses any key by using a different data rate.
2. [BUG FIXED] The system crashes, if the user power off the PC which connect to the device's console port.]
3. [Feature Enhancement] show the reason of forward/block by content filter feature in the centralized log message.
4. [Enhancement] Add a retype password confirmation mechanism for PPTP and PPPoE setup on SMT menu 4 and menu 11.
5. [BUG FIX] Menu 24.6 Restore occur system reboot
Menu 24.6 Restore Configuration is Failed and Device will Hang then key any key Occur system reboot !
6. [BUG FIX] system reboot
On F/W V3.60(WJ.0)b2, system reboot occurs. The Step: Into Web; VPN Host ;VPN Hosts IP Address or MAC address, if you change IP or MAC and Apply the ZW will reboot!!
7. [BUG FIX] Symptom: The PPPOE or PPTP address can be set within the range of LAN subnet.
Condition: When using smt menu 4 or 11, choose the pppoe or pptp encapsulation, set the IP address within the range of LAN subnet and then save the configuration.
8. [BUG FIX] Symptom: Send email log will cause system to hang about 30 seconds.
Condition: 1. Email server address is written in domain name. 2. The WAN network link can not connect to Internet when applying email log setting.
9. [BUG FIX] Symptom & condition: FQDN: When ID type is IP, VPN tunnel can not established if passing through another router with NAT.
10. [BUG FIX] Symptom & Condition: During IKE phase 1 negotiation, if ZyWALL receives a Notify DEL payload, it may crash.
11. [BUG FIX] Symptom: WAN side PC can not access the LAN port through VPN tunnel. Condition: With a VPN tunnel between two routers, the outer PC can not access the LAN port.
12. [BUG FIX] Symptom: VPN tunnel can not be established if ZyWALL sets phase 1 ID type as IP and wants to negotiate with another side by passing through a router with NAT.
Condition: Take the figure below as the example:

ZyWALL A-----Router C (with NAT) -----ZyWALL B

(WAN) (WAN) (LAN) (WAN)

If ZyWALL A wants to build a VPN tunnel with ZyWALL B by passing through Router C with NAT, A can not see B and will set secure gateway as C. In our implementation system will set peer ID content as secure gateway address if peer ID type is IP. So A's peer ID content is C's WAN IP if A's peer ID type is IP. In this case, A and B will never negotiate successfully. To avoid this situation, now user can set ID content when ID type is IP. In this case, A will check the ID content what B is configured. However, user can leave the ID content is blank when ID type is IP. Please refer to appendix for the detail setting and system behavior.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b4 | 11/29/2002

13. [BUG FIXED] HTP Program, LAN/WAL external loopback test fail.

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b3 | 11/29/2002

1. [ENHANCEMENT] Extended the bootbase to support a large 32K rom-file.
2. [BUG FIXED] VPN Port setup page causes the system crash
3. [BUG FIXED] SMT 24.6 can't restore rom file.
4. [BUG FIXED] Browse www.gamespy.com will causes the system crash

Modifications in V 3.60(WJ.0)b2 | 11/20/2002

1. First release.

Appendix 1 Remote Management Enhancement (Add SNMP & DNS Control)

New function

- (1) You can change the server port.
- (2) You can set the security IP address for each type of server.
- (3) You can define the rule for server access. (WAN only/LAN only, None, ALL).
- (4) The secure IP and port of the SNMP server is read only
- (5) The port of the SNMP and DNS server is read only.
- (6) The default server access of the SNMP and DNS is ALL.

Modification

- (1) The default value for Server access rule is **ALL**.
- (2) Under the default setting: You can setup the Menu 15 to forwarding the server to LAN IP address. Thus you can configure the router through the WAN and you don't need to modify the server management or filter.

```
Menu 24.11 - Remote Management Control

TELNET Server:   Port = 23      Access = ALL
                  Secured Client IP = 0.0.0.0

FTP Server:     Port = 21      Access = ALL
                  Secured Client IP = 0.0.0.0

Web Server:     Port = 80      Access = ALL
                  Secured Client IP = 0.0.0.0

SNMP server:    Port = 161     Access = ALL
                  Secured Client IP = 0.0.0.0

DNS server:     Port = 53      Access = ALL
                  Secured Client IP = 0.0.0.0

Press ENTER to Confirm or ESC to Cancel:
```

Appendix 2 Trigger Port

Introduction

Some routers try to get around this "one port per customer" limitation by using "triggered" maps. Triggered maps work by having the router watch *outgoing* data for a specific port number and protocol. When the router finds a match, it remembers the IP address of the computer that sent the matching data. When the requested data wants to come back *in* through the firewall, the router uses the port mapping rules that are linked to the trigger, and the IP address of the computer that "pulled" the trigger, to get the data back to the proper computer.

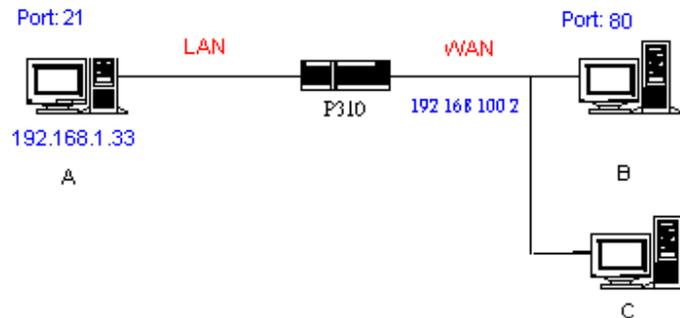
These triggered events can be timed so that they erase the port mapping as soon as they are done with the data transfer, so that the port mapping can be triggered by another Client computer. This gives the *illusion* that multiple computers can use the same port mapping at the same time, but the computers are really just taking turns using the mapping.

How to use it

Following table is a configuration table.

Name	Incoming	Trigger
Napster	6699	6699
Quicktime 4 Client	6970-32000	554
Real Audio	6970-7170	7070
User	1001-1100	1-100

How it works



For example, you are running a FTP Server on port 21 of machine A. And you may want this server accessible from the Internet without enabling NAT-based firewall. There are one Web Server on port 80 of machine B and another client C on the Internet.

- (1) As Prestige receives a packet from a local client A destined for the outside Internet machine B, it will check the destination port in the TCP/UDP header to see if it matches the setting in "Trigger Port" (80). If it matches, Prestige records the source IP of A (192.168.1.33) in its internal table.
- (2) Now client C (or client B) tries to access the FTP server in machine A. When Prestige to forward any un-requested traffic generated from Internet, it will first check the rules in port forwarding set. When no matches are found, it will then check the

"Incoming Port". If it matches, Prestige will forward the packet to the recorded IP address in the internal table for this port. (This behavior is the same as we did for port forwarding.)

- (3) The recorded IP in the internal table will be cleared if machine A disconnect from the sessions that matches the "Trigger Port".

Notes

- (1) Trigger events can't happen on data coming from *outside* the firewall because the NAT router's sharing function doesn't work in that direction.
- (2) Only one computer can use a port or port range at a time on a given real (ISP assigned) IP address.

Appendix 3 Hard-coded packet filter for "NetBIOS over TCP/IP" (NBT)

The new set C/I commands is under "sys filter netbios" sub-command. Default values of any direction are "Forward", and trigger dial is "Disabled".

There are two CI commands:

(1) "sys filter netbios disp": It will display the current filter mode.

Example output:

```
===== NetBIOS Filter Status =====  
LAN to WAN:          Block  
WAN to LAN:          Forward  
IPSec Packets:       Forward  
Trigger Dial:        Disabled
```

(2) "sys filter netbios config <type> {on|off}": To configure the filter mode for each type. Current filter types and their description are:

Type	Description	Default mode
0	LAN to WAN	Forward
1	WAN to LAN	Forward
6	IPSec pass through	Forward
7	Trigger dial	Disabled

Example commands:

```
sys filter netbios config 0 on => block LAN to WAN NBT packets  
sys filter netbios config 1 on => block WAN to LAN NBT packets  
sys filter netbios config 6 on => block IPSec NBT packets  
sys filter netbios config 7 off => disable trigger dial
```

Appendix 4 Traffic Redirect/Static Route Application Note

Why traffic redirect/static route be blocked by ZyWALL

ZyWALL is the ideal secure gateway for all data passing between the Internet and the LAN. For some reasons (load balance or backup line), users want traffics be re-routed to another Internet access devices while still be protected by ZyWALL. The network topology is the most important issue. Here is the common example that people misemploy the LAN traffic redirect and static route.

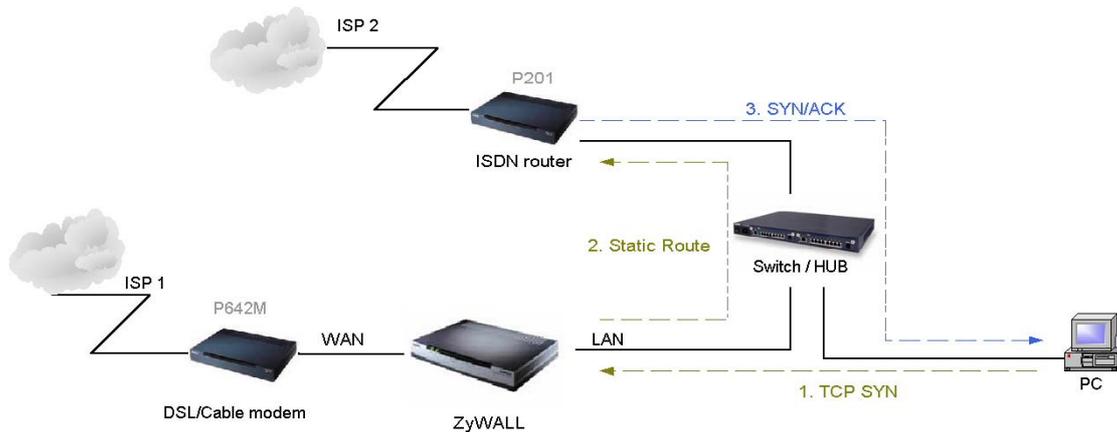


Figure 5-1 Triangle Route

Figure 5-1 indicates the triangle route topology. It works fine with turn off firewall. Let's take a look into the perspective toward this situation.

- Step 1. PC sends outgoing traffics through ZyWALL because default gateway assigned to it.
- Step 2. Then, ZyWALL will redirect the traffics to another gateway (ISDN/Router) as we expect.
- Step 3. But the return traffics do not go through ZyWALL because the gateway (say, P201) and the PC are on the same IP network. **Any traffic will easily inject into the protected network area through the unprotected gateway.**
- Step 4. When firewall turns on, it could be worse. ZyWALL will check the outgoing traffics by ACL and create dynamic sessions to allow legal return traffics. For Anti-DoS reason, ZyWALL will send RST packets to the PC and the peer because it never received TCP SYN/ACK packet.

That causes all of outgoing TCP traffics being reset!

How traffic redirect/static route works under protection - Solutions

(1) Gateway on alias IP network

IP alias allows you to partition a physical network into different logical IP networks over the same Ethernet interface. The ZyWALL supports three logical LAN interfaces via its single physical Ethernet interface with the ZyWALL itself as the gateway for each LAN network. Division of protected LAN and the other gateway into different subnets will trigger the incoming traffic back to ZyWALL and it can work as

normal function.

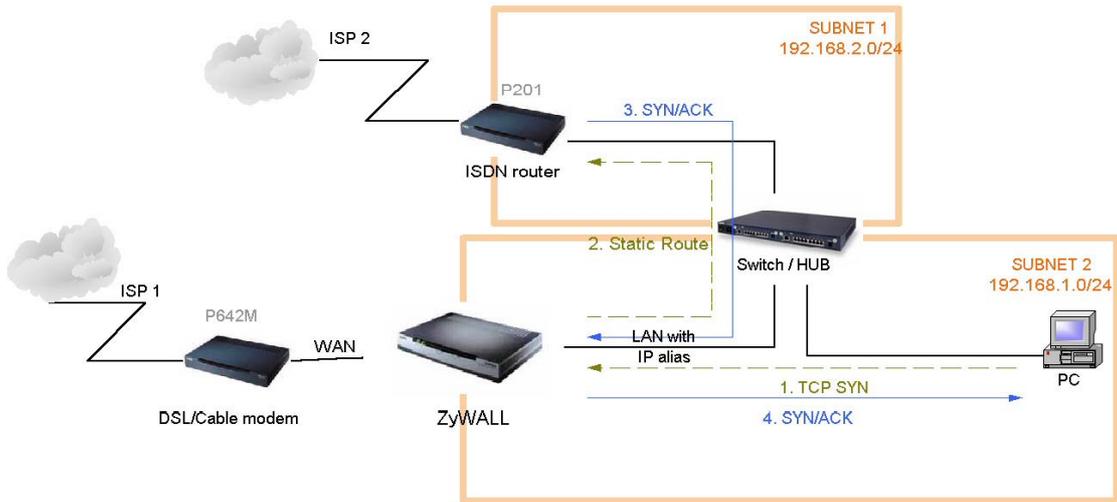


Figure 5-2 Gateway on alias IP network

(2) Gateway on WAN side

A working topology is suggested as below.

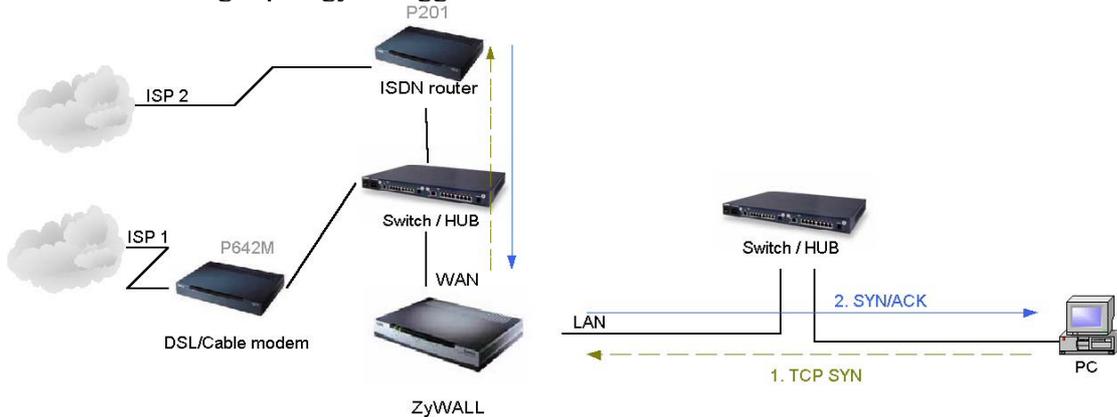
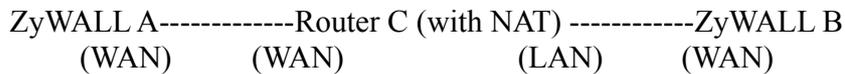


Figure 5-3 Gateway on WAN side

Appendix 5 IPSec FQDN support



If ZyWALL A wants to build a VPN tunnel with ZyWALL B by passing through Router C with NAT, A can not see B. It has to secure gateway as C. However, ZyWALL B will send it packet with its own IP and its ID to ZyWALL A. The IP will be NATed by Router C, but the ID will remain as ZyWALL B sent.

In FQDN design, all three types, IP, DNS, E-Mail, can set ID content. For ID type is

DNS or E-mail, the behavior is simple. ZyWALL A and ZyWALL B only checks the ID contents are consistent and they can connect.

Basically the story is the same when ID type is IP. If user configures ID content, then ZyWALL will use it as a check. So the ID content also has to match each other. For example, ID type and ID content of incoming packets must match “Peer ID Type” and “Peer ID content”. Or ZyWALL will reject the connection.

However, user can leave “ID content” blank if the ID type is IP. ZyWALL will put proper value in it during IKE negotiation. This appendix describes all combinations and behaviors of ZyWALL.

We can put all combinations in to these two tables:

(Local ID Type is IP):

Configuration		**Run-time status	
My IP Addr	Local ID Content	My IP Addr	Local ID Content
0.0.0.0	*blank	My WAN IP	My WAN IP
0.0.0.0	a.b.c.d (it can be 0.0.0.0)	My WAN IP	a.b.c.d (0.0.0.0, if user specified it)
a.b.c.d (not 0.0.0.0)	*blank	a.b.c.d	a.b.c.d
a.b.c.d (not 0.0.0.0)	e.f.g.h (or 0.0.0.0)	a.b.c.d	e.f.g.h (or 0.0.0.0)

*Blank: User can leave this field as empty, doesn't put anything here.

**Runtime status: During IKE negotiation, ZyWALL will use “My IP Addr” field as source IP of IKE packets, and put “Local ID Content” in the ID payload.

(Peer ID Type is IP):

Configuration		*Run-time check
Secure Gateway Addr	Peer ID Content	
0.0.0.0	blank	Just check ID types of incoming packet and machine's peer ID type. If the peer's ID is IP, then we accept it.
0.0.0.0	a.b.c.d	System checks both type and content
a.b.c.d	blank	1. System will check the ID type and the content. 2. The contents will match only if the ID content of coming packet is a.b.c.d because system will put Secure Gateway Address as Peer ID content.
a.b.c.d	e.f.g.h	1. System will check the ID type and the content. 2. The contents will match only if the ID content of coming packet is e.f.g.h.

*Runtime Check: During IKE negotiation, we will check ID of incoming packet and see if it matches our setting of “Peer ID Type” and “Peer ID Content”.

Summary:

1. When Local ID Content is blank which means user doesn't type anything here, during IKE negotiation, my ID content will be "My IP Addr" (if it's not 0.0.0.0) or local's WAN IP.
2. When "Peer ID Content" is not blank, ID of incoming packet has to match our setting. Or the connection request will be rejected.
3. When "Secure Gateway IP Addr" is 0.0.0.0 and "Peer ID Content" is blank, system can only check ID type. This is a kind of "dynamic rule" which means it accepts incoming request from any IP, and these requests' ID type is IP. So if user put a such kind of rule in top of rule list, it may be matched first. To avoid this problem, we will enhance it in the future.

Annex A CI Command List

Command Class List Table		
System Related Command	Exit Command	Device Related Command
Ethernet Related Command	POE Related Command	PPTP Related Command
Configuration Related Command	IP Related Command	IPSec Related Command
Firewall Related Command	Wireless LAN Related Command	

System Related Command

[Home](#)

Command			Description
sys			
	adjtime		retrive date and time from Internet
		display	display cbuf static
	callhist		
		display	display call history
		remove	<index> remove entry from call history
	countrycode		[countrycode] set country code
	date		[year month date] set/display date
	domainname		display domain name
	edit		<filename> edit a text file
	extraphnum		maintain extra phone numbers for outcalls
		add	<set 1-3> <1st phone num> [2nd phone num] add extra phone numbers
		display	display extra phone numbers
		node	<num> set all extend phone number to remote node <num>
		remove	<set 1-3> remove extra phone numbers
		reset	reset flag and mask
	feature		display feature bit
	hostname		[hostname] display system hostname
	logs		
		category	
		access [0:none/1:log]	record the access control logs
		attack [0:none/1:log/2:alert/3:both]	record and alert the firewall attack logs
		display	display the category setting
		error [0:none/1:log/2:alert/3:both]	record and alert the system error logs
		ipsec [0:none/1:log]	record the access control logs
		javablocked [0:none/1:log]	record the java etc. blocked logs
		mten [0:none/1:log]	record the system maintenance logs
		upnp [0:none/1:log]	record upnp logs
		urlblocked [0:none/1:log/2:alert/3:both]	record and alert the web blocked logs
		urlforward [0:none/1:log]	record web forward logs
		clear	clear log
		display	display all logs
		errlog	
		clear	display log error
		disp	clear log error
		online	turn on/off error log online display
		load	load the log setting buffer
		mail	
		alertAddr [mail address]	send alerts to this mail address
		display	display mail setting
		logAddr [mail address]	send logs to this mail address

			schedule display	display mail schedule
			schedule hour [0-23]	hour time to send the logs
			schedule minute [0-59]	minute time to send the logs
			schedule policy [0:full/1:hourly/2:daily/3:weekly/4:none]	mail schedule policy
			schedule week [0:sun/1:mon/2:tue/3:wed/4:thu/5:fri/6:sat]	weekly time to send the logs
			server [domainName/IP]	mail server to send the logs
			subject [mail subject]	mail subject
		save		save the log setting buffer
		syslog		
			active [0:no/1:yes]	active to enable unix syslog
			display	display syslog setting
			facility [Local ID(1-7)]	log the messages to different files
			server [domainName/IP]	syslog server to send the logs
	pwderrtm		[minute]	Set or display the password error blocking timeout value.
	m			
		load	<entry no.>	load remote node information
		disp	<entry no.>(0:working buffer)	display remote node information
		nat	<none sua full feature>	config remote node nat
		nailup	<no yes>	config remote node nailup
		mtu	<value>	set remote node mtu
		save	[entry no.]	save remote node information
	stdio		[second]	change terminal timeout value
	time		[hour [min [sec]]]	display/set system time
	trcdisp			monitor packets
	trclog			
	trcpacket			
	version			display RAS code and driver version
	view		<filename>	view a text file
	wdog			
		switch	[on off]	set on/off wdog
		cnt	[value]	display watchdog counts value: 0-34463
	romreset			restore default romfile
	socket			display system socket information
	filter			
		netbios		
	roadrunner			
		debug	<level>	enable/disable roadrunner service 0: disable <default> 1: enable
		display	<iface name>	display roadrunner information iface-name: enif0, wanif0
		restart	<iface name>	restart roadrunner
	ddns			
		debug	<level>	enable/disable ddns service
		display	<iface name>	display ddns information
		restart	<iface name>	restart ddns
		logout	<iface name>	logout ddns
	cpu			

		display		display CPU utilization
	filter			
		netbios		
	upnp			
		active	[0:no/1:yes]	Activate or deactivate the saved upnp settings
		config	[0:deny/1:permit]	Allow users to make configuration changes. through UPnP
		display		display upnp information
		firewall	[0:deny/1:pass]	Allow UPnP to pass through Firewall.
		load		save upnp information
		save		save upnp information

Exit Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
exit				exit smt menu

Device Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
dev				
	channel			
		drop	<channel name>	drop channel
	dial		<node#>	dial to remote node

Ethernet Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
ether				
	config			display LAN configuration information
	driver			
		cnt		
			disp <name>	display ether driver counters
		ioctl	<ch_name>	Useless in this stage.
		status	<ch_name>	see LAN status
	version			see ethernet device type
	pkttest			
		disp		
			packet <level>	set ether test packet display level
			event <ch> [on/off]	turn on/off ether test event display
		sap	[ch_name]	send sap packet
		arp	<ch_name> <ip-addr>	send arp packet to ip-addr
	debug			
		disp	<ch_name>	display ethernet debug infomation
		level	<ch_name> <level>	set the ethernet debug level level 0: disable debug log level 1:enable debug log (default)
	edit			
		load	<ether no.>	load ether data from spt
		mtu	<value>	set ether data mtu
		accessblock	<0:disable 1:enable>	block internet access
		save		save ether data to spt

POE Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
poe				

	status		[ch_name]	see poe status
	dial		<node>	dial a remote node
	drop		<node>	drop a pppoe call
	ether		[rfc3com]	set /display pppoe ether type

PPTP Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
pptp				
	dial		<rn-name>	dial a remote node
	drop		<rn-name>	drop a remote node call
	tunnel		<tunnel id>	display pptp tunnel information

Configuration Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
config				The parameters of config are listed below.
edit	firewall	active <yes no>		Activate or deactivate the saved firewall settings
retrieve	firewall			Retrieve current saved firewall settings
save	firewall			Save the current firewall settings
display	firewall			Displays all the firewall settings
		set <set#>		Display current entries of a set configuration; including timeout values, name, default-permit, and number of rules in the set.
		set <set#>	rule <rule#>	Display current entries of a rule in a set.
		attack		Display all the attack alert settings in PNC
		e-mail		Display all the e-mail settings in PNC
		?		Display all the available sub commands
		e-mail	mail-server <mail server IP>	Edit the mail server IP to send the alert
			return-addr <e-mail address>	Edit the mail address for returning an email alert
			e-mail-to <e-mail address>	Edit the mail address to send the alert
			policy <full hourly daily weekly>	Edit email schedule when log is full or per hour, day, week.
			day <sunday monday tuesday wednesday thursday friday saturday>	Edit the day to send the log when the email policy is set to Weekly
			hour <0~23>	Edit the hour to send the log when the email policy is set to daily or weekly
			minute <0~59>	Edit the minute to send to log when the email policy is set to daily or weekly
			Subject <mail subject>	Edit the email subject
		attack	send-alert <yes no>	Activate or deactivate the firewall DoS attacks notification emails
			block <yes no>	Yes: Block the traffic when exceeds the tcp-max-incomplete threshold
				No: Delete the oldest half-open session when

				exceeds the tcp-max-incomplete threshold	
			block-minute <0~255>	Only valid when sets 'Block' to yes. The unit is minute	
			minute-high <0~255>	The threshold to start to delete the old half-opened sessions to minute-low	
			minute-low <0~255>	The threshold to stop deleting the old half-opened session	
			max-incomplete-high <0~255>	The threshold to start to delete the old half-opened sessions to max-incomplete-low	
			max-incomplete-low <0~255>	The threshold to stop deleting the half-opened session	
			tcp-max-incomplete <0~255>	The threshold to start executing the block field	
		set <set#>	name <desired name>	Edit the name for a set	
			default-permit <forward block>	Edit whether a packet is dropped or allowed when it does not match the default set	
			icmp-timeout <seconds>	Edit the timeout for an idle ICMP session before it is terminated	
			udp-idle-timeout <seconds>	Edit the timeout for an idle UDP session before it is terminated	
			connection-timeout <seconds>	Edit the wait time for the SYN TCP sessions before it is terminated	
			fin-wait-timeout <seconds>	Edit the wait time for FIN in concluding a TCP session before it is terminated	
			tcp-idle-timeout <seconds>	Edit the timeout for an idle TCP session before it is terminated	
			pnc <yes no>	PNC is allowed when 'yes' is set even there is a rule to block PNC	
			log <yes no>	Switch on/off sending the log for matching the default permit	
			rule <rule#>	permit <forward block>	Edit whether a packet is dropped or allowed when it matches this rule
				active <yes no>	Edit whether a rule is enabled or not
				protocol <0~255>	Edit the protocol number for a rule. 1=ICMP, 6=TCP, 17=UDP...
				log <none match not-match both>	Sending a log for a rule when the packet none matches not match both the rule
				alert <yes no>	Activate or deactivate the notification when a DoS attack occurs or there is a violation of any alert settings. In case of such instances, the function will send an email to the SMTP destination address and log an alert.
				srcaddr-single <ip address>	Select and edit a source address of a packet which complies to this rule
				srcaddr-subnet <ip address> <subnet mask>	Select and edit a source address and subnet mask if a packet which complies to this rule.
				srcaddr-range <start ip address> <end ip address>	Select and edit a source address range of a packet which complies to this rule.
				destaddr-single <ip address>	Select and edit a destination address of a packet which complies to this rule
				destaddr-subnet <ip address> <subnet mask>	Select and edit a destination address and subnet mask if a packet which complies to this rule.
				destaddr-range <start ip	Select and edit a destination address range of a

				address> <end ip address>	packet which complies to this rule.
				tcp destport-single <port#>	Select and edit the destination port of a packet which comply to this rule. For non-consecutive port numbers, the user may repeat this command line to enter the multiple port numbers.
				tcp destport-range <start port#> <end port#>	Select and edit a destination port range of a packet which comply to this rule.
				udp destport-single <port#>	Select and edit the destination port of a packet which comply to this rule. For non-consecutive port numbers, users may repeat this command line to enter the multiple port numbers.
				udp destport-range <start port#> <end port#>	Select and edit a destination port range of a packet which comply to this rule.
				desport-custom <desired custom port name>	Type in the desired custom port name
delete	firewall	e-mail			Remove all email alert settings
		attack			Reset all alert settings to defaults
		set <set#>			Remove a specified set from the firewall configuration
		set <set#>	rule <rule#>		Remove a specified rule in a set from the firewall configuration
insert	firewall	e-mail			Insert email alert settings
		attack			Insert attack alert settings
		set <set#>			Insert a specified rule set to the firewall configuration
		set <set#>	rule <rule#>		Insert a specified rule in a set to the firewall configuration
cli					Display the choices of command list.
debug	<1 0>				Turn on/off trace for firewall debug information.

IP Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
ip				
	address		[addr]	display host ip address
	alias		<iface>	alias iface
	aliasdis		<0 1>	disable alias
	arp			
		status	<iface>	display ip arp status
	dhcp		<iface>	
		client		
			release	release DHCP client IP
			renew	renew DHCP client IP
		status	[option]	show dhcp status
	dns			
		query		
		stats		
		system		
			edit	edit system DNS status
			display	show system DNS status
		lan		
			edit	edit LAN DNS status
			display	show LAN DNS status
			clear	clear dns statistics
			disp	display dns statistics

	default	<ip>	Set default DNS server
httpd			
icmp			
	status		display icmp statistic counter
	discovery	<iface> [on off]	set icmp router discovery flag
ifconfig		[iface] [ipaddr] [broadcast <addr> mtu <value> dynamic]	configure network interface
ping		<hostid>	ping remote host
route			
	status	[if]	display routing table
	add	<dest_addr default>[/<bits>] <gateway> [<metric>]	add route
	addiface	<dest_addr default>[/<bits>] <gateway> [<metric>]	add an entry to the routing table to iface
	addprivate	<dest_addr default>[/<bits>] <gateway> [<metric>]	add private route
	drop	<host addr> [/<bits>]	drop a route
smtp			
status			display ip statistic counters
udp			
	status		display udp status
rip			
sidepath			
	clear		clear side path
	disp		display side path
	set	<iface> <gateway>	set side path
tcp			
	status	[tcb] [<interval>]	display TCP statistic counters
telnet		<host> [port]	execute telnet clinet command
tftp			
tracert		<host> [ttl] [wait] [queries]	send probes to trace route of a remote host
xparent			
	join	<iface1> [<iface2>]	join iface2 to iface1 group
	break	<iface>	break iface to leave ipxparent group
forceproxy		<display set> [on off] [servicePort] [proxyIp] [proxyport]	enable TCP forceproxy
ave			anti-virus enforce
urlfilter			
	reginfo		
		display	display urlfilter registration information
		name	set urlfilter registration name
		eMail <size>	set urlfilter registration email addr
		country <size>	set urlfilter registration country
		clearAll	clear urlfilter register information
	category		
		display	display urlfilter category
		webFeature [block/nonblock] [activex/java/cookei/webproxy]	block or unblock webfeature
		logAndBlock [log/logAndBlock]	set log only or log and block
		blockCategory [block/nonblock] [all/type(1-14)]	block or unblock type
		timeOfDay [always/hh:mm] [hh:mm]	set block time
		clearAll	clear all category information
	listUpdate		

		display	display listupdate status
		actionFlags [yes/no]	set listupdate or not
		scheduleFlag [pending]	set schedule flag
		dayFlag [pending]	set day flag
		time [pending]	set time
		clearAll	clear all listupdate information
	exemptZone		
		display	display exemptzone information
		actionFlags [type(1-3)][enable/disable]	set action flags
		add [ip1] [ip2]	add exempt range
		delete [ip1] [ip2]	delete exempt range
		clearAll	clear exemptzone information
	customize		
		display	display customize action flags
		actionFlags [act(1-6)][enable/disable]	set action flags
		logFlags [type(1-3)][enable/disable]	set log flags
		add [string] [trust/untrust/keyword]	add url string
		delete [string] [trust/untrust/keyword]	delete url string
		clearAll	clear all information
	logDisplay		display cyber log
	ftplist		update cyber list data
	listServerIP	<ipaddr>	set list server ip
	listServerName	<name>	set list server name
treidir			
	failcount	<count>	set treidir failcount
	partner	<ipaddr>	set treidir partner
	target	<ipaddr>	set treidir target
	timeout	<timeout>	set treidir timeout
	checktime	<period>	set treidir checktime
	active	<on/off>	set treidir active
	save		save treidir information
	disp		display treidir information
	debug	<value>	set treidir debug value
nat			
	server		
		disp	display nat server table
		load <set id>	load nat server information from ROM
		save	save nat server information to ROM
		clear <set id>	clear nat server information
		edit active <yes no>	set nat server edit active flag
		edit svrport <start port> [end port]	set nat server server port
		edit intport <start port> [end port]	set nat server forward port
		edit remotehost <start ip> [end ip]	set nat server remote host ip
		edit leasetime [time]	set nat server lease time
		edit rulename [name]	set nat server rule name
		edit forwardip [ip]	set nat server server ip
		edit protocol [protocol id]	set nat server protocol
	service		
		irc [on/off]	turn on/off irc flag
	resetport		reset all nat server table entries
	incikeport	[on/off]	turn on/off increase ike port flag
	timeout	udp [port] <seconds>	set the UDP port NAT timeout value

	igmp			
		debug	[level]	set igmp debug level
		forwardall	[on/off]	turn on/off igmp forward to all interfaces flag
		querier	[on/off]	turn on/off igmp stop query flag
		iface		
			<iface> grouptm <timeout>	set igmp group timeout
			<iface> interval <interval>	set igmp query interval
			<iface> join <group>	join a group on iface
			<iface> leave <group>	leave a group on iface
			<iface> query	send query on iface
			<iface> rsptime [time]	set igmp response time
			<iface> start	turn on of igmp on iface
			<iface> stop	turn off of igmp on iface
			<iface> ttl <threshold>	set ttl threshold
			<iface> v1compat [on/off]	turn on/off v1compat on iface
		robustness	<num>	set igmp robustness variable
		status		dump igmp status
	pr			

IPSec Related Command

[Home](#)

Command				Description
ipsec				
	debug	<1 0>		turn on/off trace for IPsec debug information
	ipsec log_disp			show IPsec log, same as menu 27.3
	route	lan	<on/off>	After a packet is IPsec processed and will be sent to LAN side, this switch is to control if this packet can be applied IPsec again. Remark: Command available since 3.50(WA.3)
		wan	<on/off>	After a packet is IPsec processed and will be sent to WAN side, this switch is to control if this packet can be applied IPsec again. Remark: Command available since 3.50(WA.3)
	show_runtime	sa		display runtime phase 1 and phase 2 SA information
		spd		When a dynamic rule accepts a request and a tunnel is established, a runtime SPD is created according to peer local IP address. This command is to show these runtime SPD.
	switch	<on/off>		As long as there exists one active IPsec rule, all packets will run into IPsec process to check SPD. This switch is to control if a packet should do this. If it is turned on, even there exists active IPsec rules, packets will not run IPsec process.
	timer	chk_my_ip	<1~3600>	- Adjust timer to check if WAN IP in menu is changed - Interval is in seconds - Default is 10 seconds - 0 is not a valid value
		chk_conn.	<0~255>	- Adjust auto-timer to check if any IPsec connection has no traffic for certain period. If yes, system will disconnect it. - Interval is in minutes - Default is 2 minutes - 0 means never timeout

		update_peer	<0~255>	- Adjust auto-timer to update IPSec rules which use domain name as the secure gateway IP. - Interval is in minutes - Default is 30 minutes - 0 means never update
				Remark: Command available since 3.50(WA.3)
	updatePeerIp			Force system to update IPSec rules which use domain name as the secure gateway IP right away. Remark: Command available since 3.50(WA.3)
	dial	<rule #>		Initiate IPSec rule <#> from ZyWALL box Remark: Command available since 3.50(WA.3)
	display	<rule #>		Display IPSec rule #
	remote	key	<string>	I add a secured remote access tunnel with pre-shared key. It is a dynamic rule with local: the route's WAN IP. The algorithms with it are fixed to phase1: DES+MD5, DH1 and SA lifetime 28800 seconds; phase2: DES+MD5, PFS off, no anti-replay and SA lifetime 28800 seconds. The length of pre-shared key is between 8 to 31 ASCII characters.
		switch	<on/off>	Activate or de-activate the secured remote access tunnel.
	keep_alive	<rule #>	<on/off>	Set ipsec keep_alive flag
	load	<rule #>		Load ipsec rule
	save			Save ipsec rules
	config	netbios	active <on/off>	Set netbios active flag
			group <group index1, group index2...>	Set netbios group

Firewall Related Command

[Home](#)

Command			Description
sys	Firewall	acl	
		disp	Display specific ACL set # rule #, or all ACLs.
		active	<yes/no> Active firewall or deactivate firewall
		clear	Clear firewall log
		cnt	
		disp	Display firewall log type and count.
		clear	Clear firewall log count.
		disp	Display firewall log
		online	Set firewall log online.
		pktdump	Dump the 64 bytes of dropped packet by firewall
		update	Update firewall
		dynamicrule	
		tcprst	
		rst	Set TCP reset sending on/off.
		rst113	Set TCP reset sending for port 113 on/off.
		display	Display TCP reset sending setting.

		icmp		
		dos		
			smtp	Set SMTP DoS defender on/off
			display	Display SMTP DoS defender setting.
			ignore	Set if firewall ignore DoS in lan/wan/dmz/wlan
		ignore		
			dos	Set if firewall ignore DoS in lan/wan/dmz/wlan
			triangle	Set if firewall ignore triangle route in lan/wan/dmz/wlan

Wireless LAN Related Command

[Home](#)

Command			Description
wlan	active		Display the current active status of WLAN, 0:inactive, 1:active
		0	Deactive WALN
		1	Active WLAN
	ssid	<ssid>	Give the ESSID of WALN. The default value is "Wireless".
	chid	<channel id>	Give the channel id. The default value is 1.
	version		Display the primary/secondary version number of the WLAN card and the version number of tertiary firmware.
	reset		Reset WLAN
	association		Display those WLAN stations associate to this device.
	tx		Only for EMI test
	rx		Only for EMI test
	basicrate		Display the current basic rate. The default value is 0x03
		<basic rate>	Set the basic rate. bit 0: 1M bps, bit 1: 2M bps, bit 2: 5.5M bps, bit 3: 11M bps
	txrate	<	Display the current data rate. The default value is 0x0f
		<tx rate>	Set the data rate. bit 0: 1M bps, bit 1: 2M bps, bit 2: 5.5M bps, bit 3: 11M bps.
	authen	<bit mask>	Set the authentication algorithm to use for authenticating the station. Bit 0: Open System. Bit 1: Shared Key.