

Transformation and other Factors of the pairwise Mass Spectrometry peak-list Comparison Process.(PRELIMINARY!!!)

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Anova analysis of the PMF dataset

We analyse here the 4 datasets (pmf.binary ,pmf.intensity, msms.binary, msms.intensity). The datasets provide results of evaluating the sensitivity and specificity of the pairwise peak-list comparison performed on an dataset of identified Tandem MS data (msms) and on an dataset of identified Peptide Mass Fingerprint spectra. (publication submitted).

Load the results for the binary measures.

```
> rm(list = ls())
> library(msbase)
> data("pmf.binary")
> range(pmf.binary$TPPAUC)
```

```
[1] 75.51390 97.92409
```

```
> range(pmf.binary$FPPAUC)
```

```
[1] 34.33935 99.62211
```

The minimal linear model (containing as few factors as possible) which sufficiently describes the outcome the specificity-PAUC (given small FP rates) of the experiment is given by.

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.3173803
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

```

      Df   Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value   Pr(>F)
Measure  3    2712.3     904.1     4.7187 0.0042434 **
Theta    2    4621.2     2310.6    12.0595 2.384e-05 ***
Length   1    2662.1     2662.1    13.8942 0.0003434 ***
Weight   1         0.1         0.1     0.0004 0.9843654
Noncross 1 2.253e-04 2.253e-04 1.176e-06 0.9991373
Residuals 87  16669.1      191.6
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

```

      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure  3.2   10.2   14.9     NA     NA
Theta    2.1   17.3   38.1     NA     NA
Length   1.1   10.0   43.9     NA     NA
Weight   1.1    0.0    0.0     NA     NA
Noncross 1.1    0.0    0.0     NA     NA
Residuals 91.6  62.5    3.2     NA     NA

```

Sensitivity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.3189317
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

```

      Df   Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value   Pr(>F)
Measure  3    305.34     101.78     5.0618 0.0028040 **
Theta    2    477.67     238.83    11.8780 2.749e-05 ***
Length   1    272.29     272.29    13.5417 0.0004038 ***
Weight   1         0.07         0.07     0.0037 0.9516113
Noncross 1 1.788e-05 1.788e-05 8.894e-07 0.9992497
Residuals 87  1749.33      20.11
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

```

      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure  3.2   10.9   16.1     NA     NA
Theta    2.1   17.0   37.7     NA     NA

```

Length	1.1	9.7	43.0	NA	NA
Weight	1.1	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Noncross	1.1	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Residuals	91.6	62.4	3.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC – FINAL

```
> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.9999614
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	2712.3	904.1	83343	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	4621.2	2310.6	212999	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	2662.1	2662.1	245403	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	6	4675.3	779.2	71831	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	3	2697.4	899.1	82884	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length	2	4621.9	2311.0	213032	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	4673.9	779.0	71809	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	72	0.8	0.01085		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> tmp1 <- round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)[,
+ 2:3]
```

Sensitivity PAUC – FINAL

```
> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.9996686
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	305.34	101.78	10401.2	< 2.2e-16 ***

```

Theta          2 477.67  238.83 24407.4 < 2.2e-16 ***
Length         1 272.29  272.29 27826.1 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta  6 495.25   82.54  8435.3 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length 3 280.64   93.55  9560.1 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length   2 477.54  238.77 24400.9 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length 6 495.27   82.54  8435.6 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals      72   0.70    0.01
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	10.9	9.2	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	17.0	21.5	NA	NA
Length	1.1	9.7	24.5	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	6.3	17.7	7.4	NA	NA
Measure:Length	3.2	10.0	8.4	NA	NA
Theta:Length	2.1	17.0	21.5	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	17.7	7.4	NA	NA
Residuals	75.8	0.0	0.0	NA	NA

```

> tmp2 <- cbind(round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100,
+   digits = 1)[, 2:3])

```

To identify the best measure we compute the average Sensitivity-PAUC for each CP having the same length, theta and measure factor.

```

> with(pmf.binary, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Measure = Measure), mean))

```

```

, , Measure = fm

```

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.91767	97.91652	97.91795
250	97.91767	97.91652	97.91795

```

, , Measure = gower

```

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.86121	97.86196	97.86121
250	97.86121	97.86196	97.86121

```

, , Measure = hg

```

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2

```

0 97.68596 97.70260 97.69902
250 97.89561 96.66816 75.81042

```

```
, , Measure = rmi
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 97.81934 97.81609 97.80941
250 97.84059 96.87455 81.02380

```

The average given this three factors is computed for the Specificity-PAUC.

```
> with(pmf.binary, tapply(FPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Measure = fm
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 99.60086 99.60786 99.61083
250 99.60086 99.60786 99.61083

```

```
, , Measure = gower
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 99.49289 99.493 99.4929
250 99.49289 99.493 99.4929

```

```
, , Measure = hg
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 99.46382 99.46557 99.46289
250 99.61564 95.88389 34.56005

```

```
, , Measure = rmi
```

```

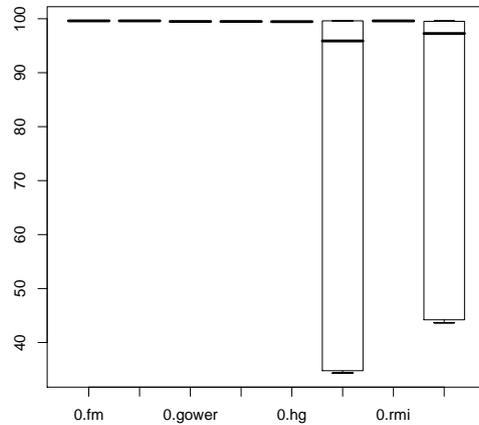
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 99.60031 99.59965 99.59956
250 99.53658 97.26311 43.94947

```

Looking at the output of the tapply function we identified the Fowlkes Mal-lows statistics as the best measure.

Study the interaction between length and measure.

```
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Length * Measure, data = pmf.binary)
> par(mar = c(6, 3, 3, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Length * Theta * Measure, data = pmf.binary,
+   las = 2, ylim = c(95, 100))
> abline(v = 1:50, col = "gray")
```



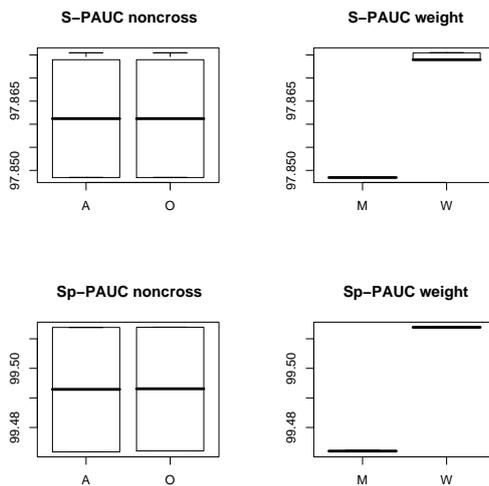
Fowlkes mallows

Take a look on which other factors the performance of the fm measure depends.

```

> bingow <- pmf.binary[pmf.binary$Measure == "gower", ]
> par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = bingow, main = "S-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight, data = bingow, main = "S-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = bingow, main = "Sp-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Weight, data = bingow, main = "Sp-PAUC weight")

```



Make some more boxplots on what the outcome of the comparison depends.

```

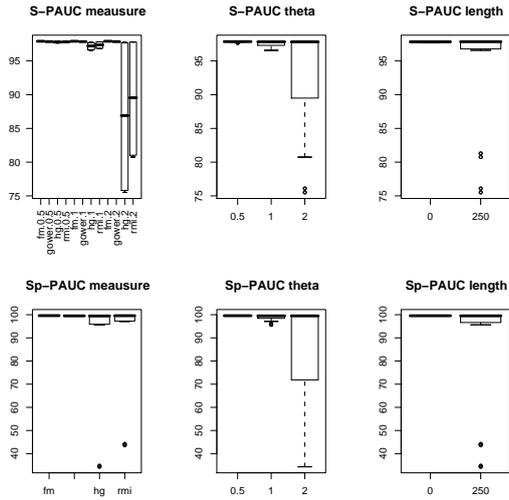
> par(mfcol = c(2, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Measure * Theta, data = pmf.binary, main = "S-PAUC measure",

```

```

+ las = 2)
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Measure, data = pmf.binary, main = "Sp-PAUC measure")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta, data = pmf.binary, main = "S-PAUC theta")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Theta, data = pmf.binary, main = "Sp-PAUC theta")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Length, data = pmf.binary, main = "S-PAUC length")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Length, data = pmf.binary, main = "Sp-PAUC length")

```



The figure makes it clear that the measure rmi and hg strongly depend on the choice of the theta.

PMF data - intensity based measures

Load the evaluation results.

```
> data("pmf.intensity")
```

The minimal model explaining as much as possible variance is:
Specificity PAUC

```

> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Weight +
+ Noncross + Trans, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)

```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	657114	109519	203.1894	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	410669	136890	253.9694	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	80009	40005	74.2203	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	12295	12295	22.8106	1.884e-06 ***
Weight	1	452	452	0.8385	0.3599
Noncross	1	5.281e-03	5.281e-03	9.797e-06	0.9975

```

Trans      3      11507      3836      7.1165 9.259e-05 ***
Residuals 2670    1439130      539
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```

      Df    Sum Sq  Mean Sq  F value  Pr(>F)
2687.0 2611176.2 303534.9      NA      NA

```

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.4453485
```

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

```

      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure  0.2  25.2   36.1      NA    NA
Scale    0.1  15.7   45.1      NA    NA
Theta    0.1   3.1   13.2      NA    NA
Length   0.0   0.5    4.1      NA    NA
Weight   0.0   0.0    0.1      NA    NA
Noncross 0.0   0.0    0.0      NA    NA
Trans    0.1   0.4    1.3      NA    NA
Residuals 99.4  55.1    0.2      NA    NA

```

Sensitivity PAUC

```

> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Weight + Noncross +
+ Length + Trans, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)

```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

```

      Df    Sum Sq  Mean Sq  F value  Pr(>F)
Measure  6    269703    44951 157.2068 < 2.2e-16 ***
Scale    3    300341    100114 350.1302 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta    2      8793     4396  15.3755 2.294e-07 ***
Weight    1         40         40  0.1383  0.7100
Noncross  1 7.620e-04 7.620e-04 2.665e-06  0.9987
Length    1     4964     4964  17.3605 3.190e-05 ***
Trans     3      895      298  1.0431  0.3723
Residuals 2670    763440     286

```

```

---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```

      Df    Sum Sq  Mean Sq  F value  Pr(>F)
2687.0 1348175.5 155048.2      NA      NA

```

```

> summary(intlm)$adj.r

[1] 0.4301179

> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	20.0	29.0	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	22.3	64.6	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.7	2.8	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.4	3.2	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.1	0.2	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	56.6	0.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC

```

> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)

```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	657114	109519	789.070	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	410669	136890	986.270	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	80009	40005	288.228	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	12295	12295	88.583	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Scale	18	873389	48522	349.591	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	164012	13668	98.474	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	47408	7901	56.928	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	366280	139		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	2611176.2	368937.5	NA	NA

```

> summary(intlm)$adj.r

```

[1] 0.8571745

```

> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	25.2	29.7	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	15.7	37.1	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	3.1	10.8	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.5	3.3	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	33.4	13.2	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	6.3	3.7	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	1.8	2.1	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	14.0	0.0	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	269703	44951	881.545 < 2.2e-16	***
Scale	3	300341	100114	1963.373 < 2.2e-16	***
Theta	2	8793	4396	86.219 < 2.2e-16	***
Length	1	4964	4964	97.350 < 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Scale	18	555255	30848	604.964 < 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Theta	12	26239	2187	42.883 < 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Length	6	48316	8053	157.923 < 2.2e-16	***
Residuals	2639	134564	51		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1348175.5	195562.3	NA	NA

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.8983724

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

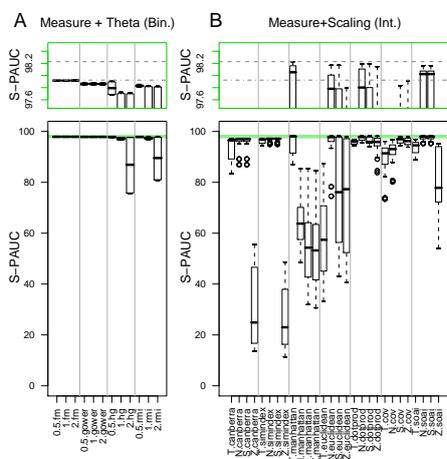
```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	20.0	23.0	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	22.3	51.2	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.7	2.2	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.4	2.5	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	41.2	15.8	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	1.9	1.1	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	3.6	4.1	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	10.0	0.0	NA	NA

Now comes the code to generate a quite complex image.

```
> nf <- layout(matrix(c(1, 2, 3, 4), 2, 2, byrow = TRUE), c(1.5,
+ 2.4), c(1, 3), TRUE)
> par(mar = c(1, 3.5, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta + Measure, data = pmf.binary, las = 2,
+ axes = F, ylim = c(97.5, 98.5), cex.axis = 0.9)
> axis(2, cex.axis = 0.9, col = 3)
> box(, col = 3)
> abline(v = c(3.5, 6.5, 9.5), col = "gray70")
> abline(h = max(pmf.intensity$TPPAUC), lty = 2, col = "gray50")
> abline(h = max(pmf.binary$TPPAUC), lty = 4, col = "gray50")
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2, cex = 1)
> mtext("Measure + Theta (Bin.)", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("A", side = 3, line = 1, at = -3, cex = 1.5)
> par(mar = c(1, 3, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Scale + Measure, data = pmf.intensity, las = 2,
+ axes = F, ylim = c(97.5, 98.5), cex.axis = 0.9)
> abline(v = c(4.5, 8.5, 12.5, 16.5, 20.5, 24.5), col = "gray70")
> abline(v = max(pmf.binary$TPPAUC))
> axis(2, cex.axis = 0.9, col = 3)
> box(, col = 3)
> abline(h = max(pmf.intensity$TPPAUC), lty = 2, col = "gray50")
> abline(h = max(pmf.binary$TPPAUC), lty = 4, col = "gray50")
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2, cex = 1)
> mtext("Measure+Scaling (Int.)", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = 1, at = -1, cex = 1.5)
> par(mar = c(6, 3.5, 0, 1))
> plot(1, 1, xlim = c(0, 13), ylim = c(0, 100), type = "n", axes = F,
+ ylab = "", xlab = "", main = "")
> rect(-1, 97.5, 14, 98.5, col = "lightgreen", border = "lightgreen")
> par(new = TRUE)
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta + Measure, data = pmf.binary, las = 2,
+ ylim = c(0, 100), ylab = "", cex.axis = 0.9)
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2)
> abline(v = c(3.5, 6.5, 9.5), col = "gray70")
> par(mar = c(6, 3, 0, 1))
> plot(1, 1, xlim = c(0, 25), ylim = c(0, 100), type = "n", axes = F,
+ ylab = "", xlab = "", main = "")
> rect(-4, 97.5, 30, 98.5, col = "lightgreen", border = "lightgreen")
> par(new = TRUE)
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Scale + Measure, data = pmf.intensity, las = 2,
+ type = "n", ylim = c(0, 100), cex.axis = 0.9)
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2, cex = 1)
> abline(v = c(4.5, 8.5, 12.5, 16.5, 20.5, 24.5), col = "gray70")
```



Now we tabulate the scores for the Specificity-PAUC according to the identified factors.

```
> with(pmf.intensity, tapply(FPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean, data = pmf.intensity))
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra
```

		Theta		
Length		0.5	1	2
0		40.91063	93.6597	94.85207
250		40.91063	93.6597	94.85207

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra
```

		Theta		
Length		0.5	1	2
0		75.47692	94.57132	94.9742
250		75.47692	94.57132	94.9742

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra
```

		Theta		
Length		0.5	1	2
0		75.47692	94.57132	94.9742
250		75.47692	94.57132	94.9742

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra
```

		Theta		
Length		0.5	1	2
0		14.838601	16.970899	18.025241
250		6.668776	6.875478	6.987514

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex
```

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	84.18635	94.16826	94.87792
250	84.18635	94.16826	94.87792

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968
250	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968
250	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	11.60160	12.200991	12.577445
250	5.54774	5.559005	5.568968

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	38.37919	99.66254	99.70945
250	38.37919	99.66254	99.70945

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	30.3108	50.15505	60.21486
250	30.3108	50.15505	60.21486

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	20.43354	30.02840	35.75854
250	30.31080	50.15505	60.21486

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	16.20285	25.29194	31.08887
250	25.30977	43.37358	53.49222

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	5.436158	36.56946	53.94575
250	5.436158	36.56946	53.94575

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	64.17502	99.40814	99.22895
250	64.17502	99.40814	99.22895

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	25.35236	47.83727	54.55622
250	64.17502	99.40814	99.22895

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	21.28464	43.82615	50.80906
250	60.68594	98.56850	98.61628

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.95265	98.95265	98.95265
250	98.95265	98.95265	98.95265

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	99.40779	99.40779	99.40779
250	99.40779	99.40779	99.40779

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

Theta

```
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.29015 97.29015 97.29015
 250 99.40779 99.40779 99.40779
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  96.76746 93.03602 86.67268
 250 99.41862 99.35492 98.58796
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  82.27304 68.76517 57.05578
 250 82.27304 68.76517 57.05578
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  88.48299 78.89884 68.17747
 250 88.48299 78.89884 68.17747
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.76999 97.25855 96.21299
 250 97.76999 97.25855 96.21299
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  96.68121 95.15267 93.11853
 250 96.68121 95.15267 93.11853
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = soai

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  83.4165 85.04398 85.94792
 250 83.4165 85.04398 85.94792
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = soai

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
```

```

0 97.58838 97.7956 97.9013
250 97.58838 97.7956 97.9013

```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 97.58838 97.7956 97.9013
250 97.58838 97.7956 97.9013

```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 72.98227 69.43583 63.92966
250 72.98227 69.43583 63.92966

```

We tabulated the scores for the Sensitivity-PAUC according to the identified factors.

```
> with(pmf.intensity, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 87.4013 96.42514 97.06761
250 87.4013 96.42514 97.06761

```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447
250 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447

```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447
250 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447

```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra
```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 38.48115 45.50660 49.25484
250 16.11684 16.97443 17.43198

```

, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.09065	96.77991	97.09797
250	95.09065	96.77991	97.09797

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	96.48608	97.11496	97.21018
250	96.48608	97.11496	97.21018

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	96.48608	97.11496	97.21018
250	96.48608	97.11496	97.21018

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	34.84144	37.28120	39.03578
250	16.23256	16.36793	16.43746

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	89.6942	98.07231	98.1431
250	89.6942	98.07231	98.1431

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	54.68255	66.73135	72.44122
250	54.68255	66.73135	72.44122

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	36.82509	44.65892	49.46728
250	54.68255	66.73135	72.44122

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	35.65736	43.97521	48.98560
250	53.06032	64.99398	70.63585

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	41.28334	62.52455	72.43233
250	41.28334	62.52455	72.43233

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	90.84943	97.66087	97.52182
250	90.84943	97.66087	97.52182

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	47.99020	59.70180	64.16669
250	90.84943	97.66087	97.52182

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	45.50869	58.28360	62.76938
250	89.47009	97.44522	97.33485

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.76839	95.76839	95.76839
250	95.76839	95.76839	95.76839

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.33349	97.33349	97.33349
250	97.33349	97.33349	97.33349

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.22259	95.22259	95.22259
250	97.33349	97.33349	97.33349

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.68476	93.80895	90.00882
250	97.25269	97.25252	96.96779

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	93.82328	89.78988	84.83983
250	93.82328	89.78988	84.83983

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.13124	92.34505	88.6023
250	95.13124	92.34505	88.6023

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	96.80908	96.60766	96.01751
250	96.80908	96.60766	96.01751

, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	96.79598	96.19836	95.13018
250	96.79598	96.19836	95.13018

, , Scale = T, Measure = soai

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	92.6936	93.98806	94.68696
250	92.6936	93.98806	94.68696

, , Scale = N, Measure = soai

Theta

```

Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.30101 97.54727 97.66245
 250 97.30101 97.54727 97.66245

```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.30101 97.54727 97.66245
 250 97.30101 97.54727 97.66245

```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  85.93958 81.75777 70.59478
 250 85.93958 81.75777 70.59478

```

By analysing the table we identify the dotproduct measure computed on vector norm scaled data as having small variance and relatively high scores. Also the euclidean and manhattan distances perform well but only with a sensible parameter choice.

```

> intsoai <- pmf.intensity[(pmf.intensity$Measure == "soai" | pmf.intensity$Measure ==
+ "dotprod") & pmf.intensity$Scale == "N", ]
> intdp <- pmf.intensity[pmf.intensity$Measure == "soai" & pmf.intensity$Scale ==
+ "S", ]
> lmdp <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Length + Theta + Trans + Noncross + Weight,
+ data = intdp)
> anova(lmdp)

```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Length	1	2.935e-27	2.935e-27	1.177e-25	1.0000
Theta	2	1.62	0.81	32.526	2.834e-11 ***
Trans	3	1091.81	363.94	14599.058	< 2.2e-16 ***
Noncross	1	9.046e-10	9.046e-10	3.629e-08	0.9998
Weight	1	1.034e-07	1.034e-07	4.148e-06	0.9984
Residuals	87	2.17	0.02		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(lmdp)$adj.r
```

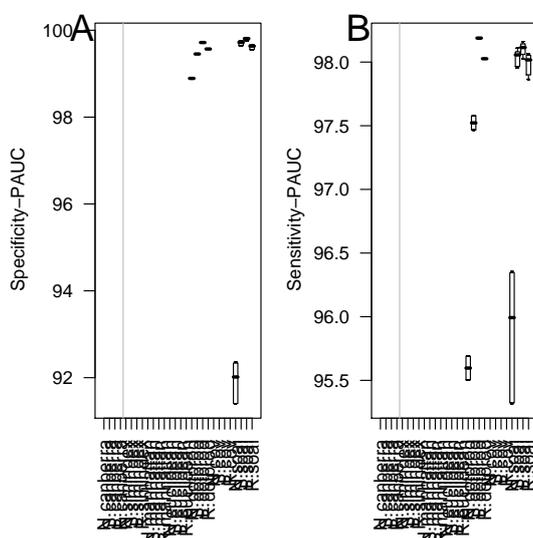
```
[1] 0.9978384
```

By the anova analysis above we identify the intensity transformation as the only parameter influencing the DP measure. We can how the factor transformation influences the performance of the measures sum of agrein intensities and dot product on the boxplot below.

```

> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> par(mar = c(6, 4, 1, 1))
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Trans + Measure, data = intsoai, main = "",
+       las = 2)
> mtext("Specificity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 3)
> mtext("A", side = 3, line = -1, at = -3, cex = 2)
> abline(v = 4.5, col = "gray")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Trans + Measure, data = intsoai, main = "",
+       las = 2)
> mtext("Sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 3)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = -1, at = -3, cex = 2)
> abline(v = 4.5, col = "gray")

```



The boxplot shows that the log transformation gives highest sensitivities given small FP-rates as well highest specificities given high sensitivities.

1 Analysing the MS/MS dataset

We are going to analyse the MS/MS dataset in a similar way like the PMF dataset and will discuss the differences. The MSMS dataset we use to examine if the conclusion drawn analysing the PMF dataset can be generalized.

1.1 Binary measure

```

> data("msms.binary")
> range(msms.binary$FPPAUC)

```

```
[1] 87.67470 99.87236
```

```

> range(msms.binary$TPPAUC)

```

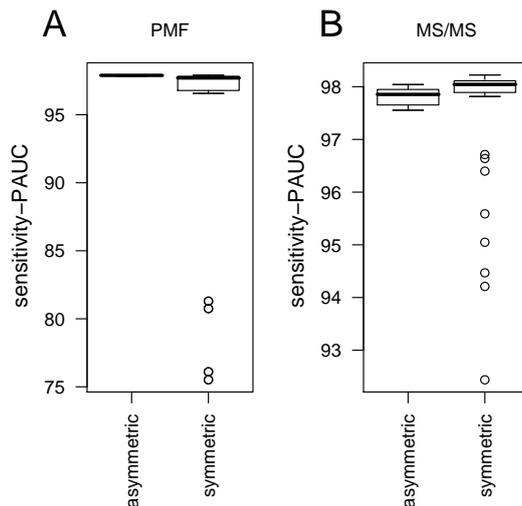
```
[1] 92.43841 98.22282
```

```
> data("msms.intensity")
> range(msms.intensity$FPPAUC)
```

```
[1] 3.742473 99.981285
```

We start by comparing the performance of the measures having a small variance and performing well in case of the PMF dataset with the performance of all other measures. The left panel compares the FM mallows statistics with the other binary measures. The right panel compares the performance of the dot-product measure with the performance of the other intensity based measures.

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> idfm <- rep("symmetric", length(pmf.binary$Measure))
> idfm[which(pmf.binary$Measure == "fm" | pmf.binary$Measure ==
+ "gower")] <- "asymmetric"
> par(mar = c(7, 4, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(idfm), data = pmf.binary, las = 2,
+ main = "")
> mtext("PMF", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2.5, cex = 1.2)
> mtext("A", side = 3, line = 1, at = 0, cex = 2)
> idfm <- rep("symmetric", length(msms.binary$Measure))
> idfm[which(msms.binary$Measure == "fm" | msms.binary$Measure ==
+ "gower")] <- "asymmetric"
> par(mar = c(7, 4, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(idfm), data = msms.binary, las = 2,
+ main = "")
> mtext("MS/MS", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2.5, cex = 1.2)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = 1, at = 0, cex = 2)
```



```
> par(mar = c(7, 4, 3, 1))
> ind <- rep("other CP", length(msms.intensity$Measure))
```

```

> ind[msms.intensity$Measure == "dotprod" & msms.intensity$Scale ==
+   "N" & msms.intensity$Trans == "L"] <- "dot-product"
> ind[msms.intensity$Measure == "dotprod"] <- "dot-product"
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(ind), data = msms.intensity, las = 2,
+   main = "", ylim = c(90, 100))
> mtext("intensity", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = 1, at = 0, cex = 2)
> mtext("sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2.5, cex = 1.2)

```

In case of the MS/MS data the fowlkes mallows statistics does not perform unambiguously better than the other binary measures.

Anova analysis of MSMS dataset

1.2 Binary Measures

Next we apply the same anova model to the MS/MS data as we have applied it to the PMF data.

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross +
+   Length, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.1950604
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	13.221	4.407	1.7135	0.1701342
Theta	2	43.482	21.741	8.4531	0.0004417 ***
Length	1	19.320	19.320	7.5117	0.0074384 **
Weight	1	0.090	0.090	0.0350	0.8520076
Noncross	1	3.672	3.672	1.4278	0.2353689
Residuals	87	223.761	2.572		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	95.0000	303.5473	51.8024	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(tplm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	4.4	8.5	NA	NA

Theta	2.1	14.3	42.0	NA	NA
Length	1.1	6.4	37.3	NA	NA
Weight	1.1	0.0	0.2	NA	NA
Noncross	1.1	1.2	7.1	NA	NA
Residuals	91.6	73.7	5.0	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross +
+ Length, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.1849813

```
> round(anova(tplm))
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	2	1	1	<2e-16 ***
Theta	2	12	6	9	<2e-16 ***
Length	1	4	4	7	<2e-16 ***
Weight	1	0	0	0	1
Noncross	1	0	0	1	<2e-16 ***
Residuals	87	54	1		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> round(apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum))
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	95	73	12	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(tplm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	2.7	5.5	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	15.9	48.2	NA	NA
Length	1.1	5.8	35.4	NA	NA
Weight	1.1	0.4	2.2	NA	NA
Noncross	1.1	0.6	3.5	NA	NA
Residuals	91.6	74.6	5.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.7238965

```
> round(anova(tplm))
```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
Measure      3      13        4      5 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta        2      43       22     25 < 2.2e-16 ***
Length       1      19       19     22 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta  6      50        8      9 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length  3      22        7      8 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length  2      44       22     25 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length  6      48        8      9 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals    72      64        1
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
> apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
95.0000 303.5473  91.9542      NA      NA

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
Measure      3.2    4.4    4.8      NA      NA
Theta        2.1   14.3   23.6      NA      NA
Length       1.1    6.4   21.0      NA      NA
Measure:Theta  6.3   16.3    9.0      NA      NA
Measure:Length  3.2    7.3    8.0      NA      NA
Theta:Length  2.1   14.4   23.8      NA      NA
Measure:Theta:Length  6.3   16.0    8.8      NA      NA
Residuals    75.8   20.9    1.0      NA      NA

```

Sensitivity PAUC – FINAL

```

> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.7378059
```

```
> round(anova(tplm))
```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
Measure      3        2        1      3 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta        2       12        6     29 < 2.2e-16 ***
Length       1        4        4     21 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta  6       13        2     10 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length  3        5        2      8 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length  2       11        6     28 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length  6       12        2     10 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals    72       14        0
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)

      Df   Sum Sq Mean Sq F value   Pr(>F)
95.00000 72.85633 22.23895      NA      NA

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	2.7	3.0	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	15.9	26.0	NA	NA
Length	1.1	5.8	19.1	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	6.3	17.2	9.4	NA	NA
Measure:Length	3.2	6.5	7.1	NA	NA
Theta:Length	2.1	15.6	25.6	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	16.4	8.9	NA	NA
Residuals	75.8	19.9	0.9	NA	NA

We see that the old model is not performing as well as in case of the PMF data. A model which includes computing the noncrossing matching performs much better.

```

> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure * Theta * Length * Noncross, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj

```

```
[1] 0.908328
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	1.9891	0.6630	9.4311	5.224e-05 ***
Theta	2	11.5674	5.7837	82.2667	3.101e-16 ***
Length	1	4.2395	4.2395	60.3030	4.988e-10 ***
Noncross	1	0.4206	0.4206	5.9826	0.0181639 *
Measure:Theta	6	12.5397	2.0900	29.7273	1.408e-14 ***
Measure:Length	3	4.7251	1.5750	22.4032	3.254e-09 ***
Theta:Length	2	11.4009	5.7005	81.0829	4.058e-16 ***
Measure:Noncross	3	1.0371	0.3457	4.9171	0.0046521 **
Theta:Noncross	2	1.8214	0.9107	12.9536	3.172e-05 ***
Length:Noncross	1	0.9581	0.9581	13.6279	0.0005692 ***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	11.9168	1.9861	28.2507	3.595e-14 ***
Measure:Theta:Noncross	6	1.9925	0.3321	4.7235	0.0007470 ***
Measure:Length:Noncross	3	1.0254	0.3418	4.8618	0.0049388 **
Theta:Length:Noncross	2	1.8333	0.9167	13.0385	3.002e-05 ***
Measure:Theta:Length:Noncross	6	2.0147	0.3358	4.7762	0.0006850 ***
Residuals	48	3.3746	0.0703		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	2.7	2.5	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	15.9	21.7	NA	NA
Length	1.1	5.8	15.9	NA	NA
Noncross	1.1	0.6	1.6	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	6.3	17.2	7.8	NA	NA
Measure:Length	3.2	6.5	5.9	NA	NA
Theta:Length	2.1	15.6	21.4	NA	NA
Measure:Noncross	3.2	1.4	1.3	NA	NA
Theta:Noncross	2.1	2.5	3.4	NA	NA
Length:Noncross	1.1	1.3	3.6	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	16.4	7.4	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Noncross	6.3	2.7	1.2	NA	NA
Measure:Length:Noncross	3.2	1.4	1.3	NA	NA
Theta:Length:Noncross	2.1	2.5	3.4	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length:Noncross	6.3	2.8	1.3	NA	NA
Residuals	50.5	4.6	0.3	NA	NA

Tabulate the data according to identified factors.

```

> with(msms.binary, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Noncross = Noncross, Measure = Measure), mean))

```

```

, , Noncross = A, Measure = fm

```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.92753 97.9485 97.95956
 250 97.92753 97.9485 97.95956

```

```

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = fm

```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.84375 97.86718 97.87783
 250 97.84375 97.86718 97.87783

```

```

, , Noncross = A, Measure = gower

```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.75744 97.75744 97.75744
 250 97.75744 97.75744 97.75744

```

```

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = gower

```

```

      Theta

```

```

Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.70388 97.70388 97.70388
 250 97.70388 97.70388 97.70388

```

```
, , Noncross = A, Measure = hg
```

```

      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  98.09396 98.05886 98.03635
 250 98.13553 98.18004 93.32485

```

```
, , Noncross = 0, Measure = hg
```

```

      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  98.04063 97.98980 97.96519
 250 98.05277 98.12767 96.11346

```

```
, , Noncross = A, Measure = rmi
```

```

      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.98795 97.98937 97.98952
 250 98.19244 98.12313 94.75886

```

```
, , Noncross = 0, Measure = rmi
```

```

      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.91691 97.92064 97.92132
 250 98.12738 98.13180 96.55549

```

We see that the binary measures computed with noncrossing matching perform better than they associates without. Furthermore Huberts Gamma computed with $M_{00} = 0$ can be recognized as the best performing measure. The same analysis is repeated for the Sp-PAUC.

```

> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Measure, data = msms.binary)
> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure * Theta * Length * Noncross, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj

```

```
[1] 0.9215654
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	13.221	4.407	17.5850	7.724e-08 ***
Theta	2	43.482	21.741	86.7507	< 2.2e-16 ***

```

Length          1 19.320  19.320 77.0890 1.498e-11 ***
Noncross       1  3.672   3.672 14.6530 0.0003739 ***
Measure:Theta  6 49.601   8.267 32.9858 2.007e-15 ***
Measure:Length 3 22.190   7.397 29.5133 5.799e-11 ***
Theta:Length   2 43.715  21.857 87.2143 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Noncross 3  4.559   1.520  6.0634 0.0013831 **
Theta:Noncross 2  8.038   4.019 16.0367 4.635e-06 ***
Length:Noncross 1  4.039   4.039 16.1164 0.0002082 ***
Measure:Theta:Length 6 48.499   8.083 32.2532 3.069e-15 ***
Measure:Theta:Noncross 6  9.233   1.539  6.1405 7.861e-05 ***
Measure:Length:Noncross 3  4.632   1.544  6.1613 0.0012501 **
Theta:Length:Noncross 2  8.036   4.018 16.0323 4.647e-06 ***
Measure:Theta:Length:Noncross 6  9.280   1.547  6.1713 7.499e-05 ***
Residuals     48 12.030   0.251

```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Tabulate the data according to identified factors.

```
> with(msms.binary, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Noncross = Noncross, Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Noncross = A, Measure = fm
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0      97.92753 97.9485 97.95956
250    97.92753 97.9485 97.95956

```

```
, , Noncross = 0, Measure = fm
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0      97.84375 97.86718 97.87783
250    97.84375 97.86718 97.87783

```

```
, , Noncross = A, Measure = gower
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0      97.75744 97.75744 97.75744
250    97.75744 97.75744 97.75744

```

```
, , Noncross = 0, Measure = gower
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0      97.70388 97.70388 97.70388
250    97.70388 97.70388 97.70388

```

```
, , Noncross = A, Measure = hg
```

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.09396	98.05886	98.03635
250	98.13553	98.18004	93.32485

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = hg

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.04063	97.98980	97.96519
250	98.05277	98.12767	96.11346

, , Noncross = A, Measure = rmi

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.98795	97.98937	97.98952
250	98.19244	98.12313	94.75886

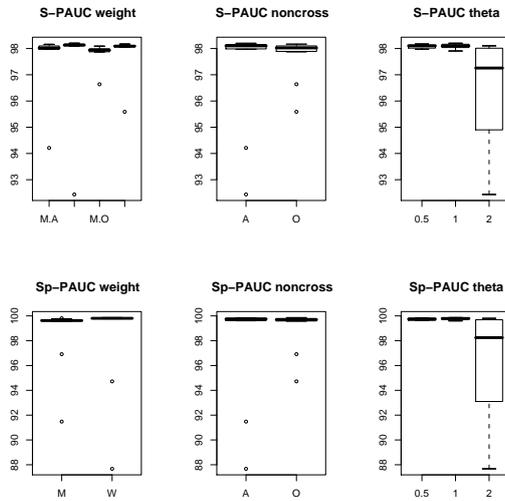
, , Noncross = 0, Measure = rmi

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.91691	97.92064	97.92132
250	98.12738	98.13180	96.55549

Again hg performs best.

Further we analysed how the HG measure depends on factors like e.g. Weighting of mass measurement error, noncrossing matching and theta.

```
> msms.binaryhg <- msms.binary[msms.binary$Measure == "hg", ]
> par(mfcol = c(2, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight + Noncross, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "S-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Weight, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "Sp-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "S-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "Sp-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "S-PAUC theta")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Theta, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "Sp-PAUC theta")
```



The boxplots reveal that weighting of match accuracy and resolving unambiguous matches by computing the noncrossing matching increases the performance of the HG measure. Furthermore the optimal choice of the theta is 2.

1.2.1 MS/MS-Intensity based measures

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Trans + Scale + Theta + Weight +
+ Noncross + Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	283609	47268	113.4517	< 2.2e-16 ***
Trans	3	11843	3948	9.4749	3.173e-06 ***
Scale	3	454533	151511	363.6517	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	25668	12834	30.8034	5.946e-14 ***
Weight	1	4606	4606	11.0563	0.0008958 ***
Noncross	1	733	733	1.7601	0.1847308
Length	1	5343	5343	12.8235	0.0003484 ***
Residuals	2670	1112422	417		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.4104012
```

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1898757.6	226659.8	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	14.9	20.9	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.6	1.7	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	23.9	66.8	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	1.4	5.7	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.2	2.0	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.3	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.3	2.4	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	58.6	0.2	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Trans + Scale + Theta + Weight +
+ Noncross + Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	152255	25376	114.2873	< 2.2e-16 ***
Trans	3	2869	956	4.3072	0.004874 **
Scale	3	254688	84896	382.3532	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	9241	4620	20.8094	1.077e-09 ***
Weight	1	1971	1971	8.8789	0.002911 **
Noncross	1	74	74	0.3319	0.564578
Length	1	1340	1340	6.0334	0.014101 *
Residuals	2670	592834	222		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.4123652

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1015271.6	119455.3	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	15.0	21.2	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.3	0.8	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	25.1	71.1	NA	NA

Theta	0.1	0.9	3.9	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.2	1.7	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.1	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.1	1.1	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	58.4	0.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC – FINAL

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	283609	47268	574.207	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	454533	151511	1840.530	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	25668	12834	155.904	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	5343	5343	64.903	1.179e-15 ***
Measure:Scale	18	824919	45829	556.721	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	70199	5850	71.064	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	17247	2874	34.918	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	217240	82		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.8835072

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1898757.6	271591.3	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	14.9	17.4	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	23.9	55.8	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	1.4	4.7	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.3	2.0	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	43.4	16.9	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	3.7	2.2	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	0.9	1.1	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	11.4	0.0	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FINAL

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	152255	25376	618.221	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	254688	84896	2068.286	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	9241	4620	112.565	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	1340	1340	32.637	1.235e-08 ***
Measure:Scale	18	446982	24832	604.981	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	23460	1955	47.629	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	18984	3164	77.085	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	108322	41		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.891367

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1015271.6	146224.2	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	15.0	17.4	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	25.1	58.1	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.9	3.2	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.1	0.9	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	44.0	17.0	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	2.3	1.3	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	1.9	2.2	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	10.7	0.0	NA	NA

Again we first prove if the result obtained for the PMF data can be generalized to the MS/MS data.

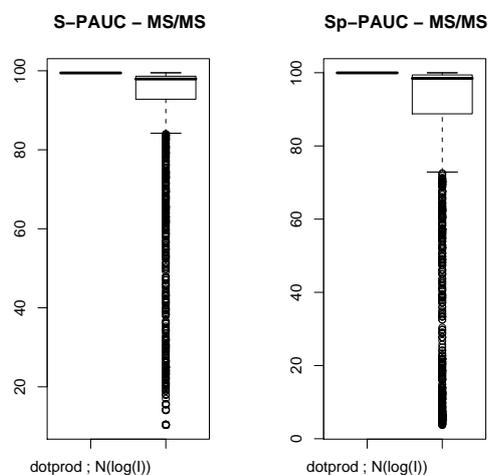
```
> ind <- rep("other measure", length(msms.intensity$Measure))
```

```
> ind[msms.intensity$Measure == "dotprod" & msms.intensity$Scale ==
+ "N" & msms.intensity$Trans == "L"] <- "dotprod ; N(log(I))"
```

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
```

```
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(ind), data = msms.intensity, main = "S-PAUC - MS/MS")
```

```
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ as.factor(ind), data = msms.intensity, main = "Sp-PAUC - MS/MS")
```



This time the observation done using the PMF data can be generalized to the MS/MS data. Because we were interested to identify the other measures which can be used to classify the data we tabulated the scores according to theta, scaling, length and the measures.

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	283609	47268	574.207	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	454533	151511	1840.530	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	25668	12834	155.904	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	5343	5343	64.903	1.179e-15 ***
Measure:Scale	18	824919	45829	556.721	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	70199	5850	71.064	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	17247	2874	34.918	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	217240	82		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.8835072
```

```
> with(msms.intensity, tapply(FPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+ Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra
```

```
Theta
```

```
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  90.50912  97.76038  98.38236
 250 90.50912  97.76038  98.38236
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  96.93366  98.77676  98.7238
 250 96.93366  98.77676  98.7238
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  96.93366  98.77676  98.7238
 250 96.93366  98.77676  98.7238
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  10.895818 13.267293 15.003216
 250  6.557513  6.781328  6.903368
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.23546  98.34243  98.523
 250 97.23546  98.34243  98.523
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  98.6569  98.78721  98.70548
 250 98.6569  98.78721  98.70548
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  98.6569  98.78721  98.70548
 250 98.6569  98.78721  98.70548
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
```

```

0 9.293497 9.909243 10.416333
250 5.270600 5.281156 5.288262

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 84.90806 99.63053 99.9417
250 84.90806 99.63053 99.9417

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 64.01813 82.40765 89.32846
250 64.01813 82.40765 89.32846

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 42.28481 59.21963 68.55283
250 64.01813 82.40765 89.32846

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 28.95919 44.71444 54.62749
250 56.29775 76.75337 85.29903

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 34.31829 73.02366 87.94384
250 34.31829 73.02366 87.94384

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 86.13116 99.88037 99.83952
250 86.13116 99.88037 99.83952

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 69.66885 92.44349 95.00940

```

250 86.13116 99.88037 99.83952
, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	52.85492	81.78122	86.69784
250	85.87138	99.87904	99.83569

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.9814	98.9814	98.9814
250	98.9814	98.9814	98.9814

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	99.88292	99.88292	99.88292
250	99.88292	99.88292	99.88292

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.17252	95.17252	95.17252
250	99.88292	99.88292	99.88292

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	99.54657	98.39198	95.06786
250	99.89702	99.90375	99.90253

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.5566	94.342	89.89063
250	97.5566	94.342	89.89063

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.6932	96.95327	94.23659
250	98.6932	96.95327	94.23659

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = cov
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  99.45862 99.28724 98.85178
 250 99.45862 99.28724 98.85178
```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  99.27588 98.53667 97.24777
 250 99.27588 98.53667 97.24777
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  96.43898 97.95112 98.64927
 250 96.43898 97.95112 98.64927
```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  99.5148 99.6997 99.78143
 250 99.5148 99.6997 99.78143
```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  99.5148 99.6997 99.78143
 250 99.5148 99.6997 99.78143
```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  92.05551 88.75732 82.87961
 250 92.05551 88.75732 82.87961
```

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure *
+   Scale + Measure * Theta + Measure * Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	152255	25376	618.221	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	254688	84896	2068.286	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	9241	4620	112.565	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	1340	1340	32.637	1.235e-08 ***
Measure:Scale	18	446982	24832	604.981	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	23460	1955	47.629	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	18984	3164	77.085	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	108322	41		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.891367
```

```
> with(msms.intensity, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  95.76344 97.64019 98.00106
 250 95.76344 97.64019 98.00106
```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  97.59895 98.24352 98.2426
 250 97.59895 98.24352 98.2426
```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  97.59895 98.24352 98.2426
 250 97.59895 98.24352 98.2426
```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  41.54274 50.17743 55.22927
 250 25.11656 26.57378 27.34388
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
```

```
0 97.44322 97.9621 98.10808
250 97.44322 97.9621 98.10808
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
250 98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
250 98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 29.83569 32.82933 35.31495
250 18.64167 18.78237 18.85644
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 94.4853 98.65037 98.7925
250 94.4853 98.65037 98.7925
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 73.61772 87.05038 91.65706
250 73.61772 87.05038 91.65706
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 52.10334 66.04717 73.87451
250 73.61772 87.05038 91.65706
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
0 45.43646 58.34826 66.50964
```

```

250 69.82565 84.43180 89.62166

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  64.26425 85.714 92.55688
   250 64.26425 85.714 92.55688

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  94.65832 98.76085 98.76522
   250 94.65832 98.76085 98.76522

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  77.58234 92.43829 94.50953
   250 94.65832 98.76085 98.76522

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  66.8460 86.27333 89.62940
   250 94.3119 98.80819 98.80822

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  97.4194 97.4194 97.4194
   250 97.4194 97.4194 97.4194

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  99.22425 99.22425 99.22425
   250 99.22425 99.22425 99.22425

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
   0  94.63101 94.63101 94.63101
   250 99.22425 99.22425 99.22425

```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.92080	98.32497	96.70782
250	99.20982	99.22335	99.23680

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.3018	96.95074	95.9306
250	97.3018	96.95074	95.9306

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.21523	97.94886	97.29641
250	98.21523	97.94886	97.29641

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.57152	98.54664	98.3778
250	98.57152	98.54664	98.3778

, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.56075	98.32342	97.922
250	98.56075	98.32342	97.922

, , Scale = T, Measure = soai

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.28639	97.95305	98.28481
250	97.28639	97.95305	98.28481

, , Scale = N, Measure = soai

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.6569	98.81979	98.89044
250	98.6569	98.81979	98.89044

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  98.6569 98.81979 98.89044
 250 98.6569 98.81979 98.89044
```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  95.52872 92.78444 82.18235
 250 95.52872 92.78444 82.18235
```

The spectral angle measure is the highest scoring one. None of the other measures is able to obtain similar scores. This may be due to the fact that the database search of the MS/MS data is performed using the normalized crosscorrelation which has a very similar mathematical property than the spectral angle.

Finally we analyse how factors like intensity transformation, weighting of mass measurement accuracy and computing the noncrossing matching influences the performance of the spectral angle.

```
> intdp <- msms.intensity[(msms.intensity$Measure == "euclidean") &
+   msms.intensity$Scale == "S" & msms.intensity$Trans == "L",
+   ]
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight * Noncross * Measure * Trans, data = intdp,
+   main = "S-PAUC weight", las = 2)
> par(mar = c(8, 5, 2, 2))
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC weight",
+   las = 2)
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC weight",
+   las = 2)

> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight * Noncross * Theta * Measure, data = intdp,
+   main = "S-PAUC weight", las = 2)

> lmdp <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Weight + Noncross + Weight:Noncross, data = intdp)
> anova(lmdp)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Weight	1	27.23	27.23	0.4959	0.4894
Noncross	1	52.16	52.16	0.9498	0.3414
Weight:Noncross	1	1.65	1.65	0.0300	0.8643
Residuals	20	1098.25	54.91		

```
> summary(lmdp)$adj.r
```

```
[1] -0.07097703
```

```

> par(mfcol = c(2, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Trans, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC trans")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Trans, data = intdp, main = "Sp-PAUC trans")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Weight, data = intdp, main = "Sp-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = intdp, main = "Sp-PAUC noncross")

```

