# The scaletextbullet package

Resize the \textbullet without changing its vertical center Oliver Beery

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#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 About

The scaletextbullet package enables the user to resize the \textbullet without moving its vertical center, unlike direct usage of the LATEX  $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  and expl3 commands \scalebox and \box\_scale:. This process is not fully automated — the user must use \SetTextBulletFactor to set the \textbullet factor to the correct value to display the resized \textbullet at the correct height. The \textbullet factor is the ratio of the width of the \textbullet, excluding its empty space, to its width, including its empty space. One way of estimating the \textbullet factor is by using \scaletextbulletdebug.

This package provides a solution that works only in text mode. For a solution that works only in math mode, see the linked T<sub>F</sub>X Stack Exchange thread.<sup>1</sup>

## 1.2 Loading the package

Requirements:

- IATEX  $2\varepsilon$  version 2023-11-01 or newer
- l3kernel version 2023-10-10 or newer

You may need to ensure that your LATEX installation is up-to-date before using this package.

## 2 Commands

This package defines some commands whose argument takes a  $\langle floating\ point\ expression \rangle$  or  $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$ . This syntax has the same representation as the arguments to  $floating\ expression$ , documented in usrguide.

 $\verb|\SetTextBulletFactor {|} \langle \textit{floating point expression} \rangle | |$ 

Sets the \textbullet factor to the result of computing the \(\)floating point \(expression\). The \textbullet factor is the ratio of the width of the \textbullet, excluding its empty space, to its width, including its empty space. The scope of the effect is local to the current group. The initial \textbullet factor is 0.4—this matches the dimensions of the \textbullet of the Latin Modern font at size 10 pt.

<sup>1.</sup> https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/119319/how-to-correctly-shrink-the-bullets-of-itemize

## $\ScaleTextBullet {\langle floating point expression \rangle}$

Prints a \textbullet with its size scaled by the result of computing the \(\forall floating point expression \). The new \textbullet will be printed with the same vertical center only if the \textbullet factor is set to the correct value. Cannot be used in math mode.

 $\ScaleTextBullets [\langle floating point expression \rangle] \{\langle integer expression \rangle\}$ 

Prints a number of \textbullets equal to the value of  $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$  with about the same total area as the original \textbullet.<sup>2</sup> If the optional argument is used, the size of each \textbullet is instead scaled by the result of computing the  $\langle floating\ point\ expression \rangle$ . The new \textbullet will be printed with the same vertical center only if the \textbullet factor is set to the correct value. Cannot be used in math mode.

### \scaletextbulletdebug

This command is provided only to help the user estimate the \textbullet factor. Prints 15 consecutive \textbullets with decreasing sizes. The \textbullets are followed by the original \textbullet inside a framed box. The framed box has width equal to the \textbullet factor × the total width of the \textbullet (this includes its empty space). The \textbullet factor is set to the correct value when the 15 consecutive \textbullets have the same vertical center and the \textbullet fits nicely inside the framed box. Cannot be used in math mode.

# 3 Application

I wrote this package primarily to create nicer-looking itemized lists. The default list labels in  $I = T_E X$  (and other programs) fail to communicate the list level within the list hierarchy:

List level 1
 List level 1
 List level 2
 List level 2
 \* List level 3
 \* List level 3

This contrasts with traditional enumerated list structures where the list level is obvious from the numbering of the list label:

 1. List level 1
 2. List level 1

 1.1. List level 2
 2.1. List level 2

 1.2. List level 3
 2.1.1. List level 3

2. In calculating the total area, I have approximated each \textbullet as a perfect circle, but, of course, the actual shape depends on the font used.

This package allows the user to create nice-looking itemized lists using \ScaleTextBullets:

• List level 1

•• List level 2

•• List level 2

· · · List level 3

• List level 1

•• List level 2

· · · List level 3

· · · List level 3

The visual effect may be more clear with different fonts. This example uses STIX Two Text and Source Serif 4, respectively.

· List level 1

· List level 2

· List level 2

··· List level 3

• List level 1

· List level 2

··· List level 3

··· List level 3

· List level 1

" List level 2

List level 2

... List level 3

• List level 1

" List level 2

... List level 3

... List level 3

## 4 Implementation notes

The procedure of resizing the \textbullet without changing its vertical center, including the definition of the \textbullet factor, makes an important assumption: That the \textbullet is a perfect circle. Of course, this is not completely accurate and the actual shape depends on the font used. This means that the \textbullet factor may not be exactly the ratio of the width of the \textbullet, excluding its empty space, to its width, including its empty space.

In writing this package, I have referenced a comment on the TEX Stack Exchange by the user egreg.<sup>3</sup> This package uses the same procedure for resizing the **\textbullet** without changing its vertical center.

## 5 Programming

This package is written in expl3, but does not provide any public functions or variables.

<sup>3.</sup> https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/620507/how-to-resize-tex tbullet-without-the-bullet-moving-down/638599#638599